-The Keating-Holliwood prize fight cam off yesterday, at a point on the Ohio River just above the mouth of the Big Miami, and about twenty below Covington. The was formed at eleven o'clock. Keating's seconds were Tom Ryan, of Newport, and Jim Payton, of Covington, and Holli-wood's were Bob Smith, of England, and Barney Frame, of Covington. The choice ground was won by Holliwood, men stripped splendidly, and each appeared confident and cheerful. Time was called at seven minutes past twelve. At the end of the third round Keating found his wrist was broken, and when time was again called, he was unable to come to the scratch. The fight thus ended, Holilwood being declared the victor.

-The stables of Company I, Second Cavalry, at Cheyenne, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night, together with sixty-five

-The United States Hotel, at Sharon Springs, New York, was burned on Saturday.

-Hon. Jonathan E. Fleld, brother to Cyrus died suddenly on the 22d, at Stockbridge,

-Sike's tannery, in Allegheny City, was burned on Sunday. Loss, \$30,000. -A convention of radical editors of Missouri is to be held at St. Louis on the 1st of

the radical candidate for Governor of Mis-

-The convention of the Protestant Eoleccpal Mission met in Christ Church, St. Louis, vesterday morning. Several bishops and a large number of delegates from abroad were

-Samuel H. Wenz, who embezzled funds has been pardoned by the President. -The house of B. Sterm, in New York, was

robbed, on Sunday night, of bonds and lewelry, valued at \$27,000. -John Hart stabbed Tom McCarthy, yes-

buently shot by James Hennessey. Both are -The New Orleans Tribune, said to be the only paper in the United States owned and edited by negroes, and the only one thus con-

ducted in the South, has suspended for want -The President has recognized Allen A. Barton, as Consul of Peru in Kentucky, and David Constant Jaccard as Vice Consul of the Swiss Confederation at St. Louis.

- Manager Williams will conclude his argument to-day; he will be followed by Mr. Evarts, who is expected to occupy part of the day and Wednesday. Mr. Stantery will read, or e to be read, his argument on Thursday and Friday, and Manager Bingham will close the case on Friday.

Radical Hate of the Pereign-Born eign-born population, especially if they are Catholics, will sometimes find utterance though policy has dictated its steady suppres years. We do not remember, how ever, to have read a more profane expression of radical bate in this direction, not even from foul-mouthed old BEN. WADE, as the followng, credited to Colonel ROBERT SMITH, the Republican nominee for Mayor of Chicago, at

are of the same piece."
"I do not think that any good Catholic can

There was a man befores a first jury on his trial for murder. It was built of a frist, but the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the defengy produced in core; all the privace with the privace with

INDIANAPOLIS DAILY SENTINEL.

INDIANAPOLIS, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1868. VOLUME XVII.

NUMBER 5,782.

TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS

CONCRESS.

COURT OF IMPEACHMENT.

for Him.

Portion of Williams' Address

The court opened at noon. The pending question was stated to be the order of Senator Edmunds, that official reporters be admitted to the secret session, to take the debate on the final question, to be reported with the proceedings.

date question, to be coedings.

Afr. Williams moved to amend, by inserting the following at the end: "But no Senator shall speak more than once, nor to exceed fitteen minutes, during such deliberation."

At the desire of Senator Jonnson, rule twenty-third was read.

Mr. Johnson said that will be on each article.

was concluded.
The additional rules offered by Mr. Sumner were, upon his motion, laid over until the the close of the argument.
The Chief Justice directed that the argument proceed, and at half-past twelve Mr. Stevens mounted the Clerk's desk and read his avonument in a pretty girm volce, from stevens mounted the Circ's desk and read his argument in a pretty firm voice, from printed slips. In about ten minutes he took a chair and read sitting. At five minutes be-fore one his voice showed signs of weakness, and Mr. Butler read the remainder of the

fore one his voice showed signs of weakness, and Mr. Butler read the remainder of the argument.

Manager Stevens said he should discuss but a single article, the one that was finally adopted upon his earnest solicitation, and which, if proved, he considered as quite sufficient for the conviction of the distinguished respondent. He destred to discuss the charges in no mean spirit of vituperation, but argue them in a manner worthy of the high tribunal before which he appeared, and of the exaited position of the accused. The trial of the Unit Magistrate of the Nation, which was intensely interesting to millions of men, could not be belittled and reduced to mockery.

When Andrew Johnson took upon himself the duties of office, he swore to take care that the laws would be faithfully executed; that the daties of the legislation and the adjudicating of law fall in no way to his lot; to obey the commands of the sovereign power of the nation, and to see that others obeyed. This was his whole duty. His attempt to escape that duty will be misprison of perjury.

Mr. Stevens said: I accuse him in the name of the House of Representatives of having perpetrated that foul offense.

Mr. Stevens then reviewed the question of the Secretaryship of War, and charged that the President had plainly and wilfully violated a law which he had sworn to see faithfully executed.

Mr. Stevens ridiculed the idea set up by the

Mr. Stevens ridiculed the idea set up by the

respondent that the case did not come under the Tenure-of-Office law because Stanton was

sor.

Relative to the matter of the intent, Mr. Stevens said: In impeachments, more than indictments, the avering of the facts charged carried with it all that was necessary to say about the latent. He went further than some, and contended that no corrupt or wicked motive was necessary to investigate the acts for which impeachment is brought; it was enough that they were official violations of law; the President justified himself by asserting that all previous Presidents had exercised the same right of removing officers, but there were now express laws against it, so the cases were not

which is a second of the latest, Mr. and the latest through the latest trained with late

powers and proceeded to show he had interfered with the work of reconstruction. He then briefly reviewed the whole case and compared the services of Mr. Stanton with those of Mr. Johnson, and noticed the claim of counsel that no removal of Stanton had taken place, because Mr. Stanton still held on to the office, and concluded by asying that if the President is not willing to execute the laws of Congress, let him resign and return to his village of obscurity.

After the death of Mr. Lincoin, instead of being content with the positions the people had given him, he sought to become thereafter, as then, the Chief Executive of the Nation. This he knew could only be done by changing his principles and creating a new party to sustain him. After some little hesitation he resolved upon that course, and perpetrated a betrayal of the party that had elected him, and the principles he professed, easier than the betrayal by Judas Iscariot, who betrayed only a single individual. Johnson sacrificed a whole nation and the holiest of principles.

Mr. Williams then took the floor. After

Johnson. This might almost be termed a quibble.

The Senate here took a recess.

On reassembling, Mr. Williams considered the point set up by the defense that the law is unconstitutional, which he characterized as a defiance and challenge from Congress, from the fact that the Constitution does not provide for removals, except by impeachment. He drew the inference that a legislative body must possess the sole power of judging when good behavior ceases and when removals should be made. He also claimed that the right to remove in certain cases was either a should be made. He sise claimes that the right to remove in certain cases was either a power delegated to the Executive by Congress, or merely implied by the Constitution, and therefore not to be extended to apply to

gress, or merely implied by the Constitution, and therefore not to be extended to apply to all cases.

He then discussed the judicial authorities cited by the President's counsel, arguing that they afforded no countenance to his views, but settles the point that Congress may fix tenures-of-office so as to prevent removals by the President, and that his power to remove, so iar as it existed, was enly implied from his power to appoint against the legislative construction which was adduced in support of the President's theory on this subject. He cited passages from Webster's and Calhoun's speeches, and writings of Kant and Story, to show that the interpretation put on the Constitution by the Congress of 1789 was erroneous, and called attention to the fact that laws referred to were passed by a very small majority in the House and Senste, and only by the vote of Vice President, who had a direct interest in their passage.

He denied that all windom had died with our fathers, and claimed this Congress had as good a right to construe the Constitution as its predecessor, maintaining the power of Congress to determine the Tenure-of-Office. He re-erred to numerous laws fixing the tenure of various offices at a certain number of years.

cause he was not formally appointed by Mr. Johnson. This might aimost be termed a

At the desire of Senator Jonnson, rule it wenty-third was read.

Mr. Johnson said that will be on each article.

Mr. Howard moved to amend the amendment by inserting after the words "lifteen minutes" the words "one question."

The amendment was rejected by a vote of nineteen to thirty.

Mr. Bayard moved to amend Mr. Williams' amendment by allowing thirty minutes, instead of fifteen. Rejected by a vote of sixteen to thirty-four.

On motion of Mr. Morton, seconded by Mr. Howard, the further consideration of the subject was postponed until after the argument was concluded.

The additional rules offered by Mr. Sumner was concluded.

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The additional rules offered by Mr. Sumner was concluded.

Mr. Paine introduced a bill to admit Ar-

Mr. Orth offered a resolution inquiring as to the power of Congress to regulate the safety and fare of passengers on railroads, which was adopted.

Mr. Paine introduced a bill to admit Arkansas to representation in Congress. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

The Speaker submitted a report from the Light House Board, that a light house at the port of Austia, Michigan will not be required until breakwater shall have been built. Referred to the Committee on Commerce. merce.
Mr. Walker introduced a bill to authorize

merce.

Mr. Walker introduced a bill to authorize the construction of a bridge over Black River, Lovain County, Ohio. Referred to the Committee on Cemmerce.

Mr. Niblack introduced a bill extending the bounties to certain soldiers who were discharged on account of disability incurred while in the service of the United States. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Eckley introduced a bill to repeal a portion of the bit entitled an act to revise and extend the provisions of an act granting the right of way and making a grant of land to the States of Arkanssis and Missouri, to aid in the construction of a railroad from a point upon the Mississippi, opposite the mouth of the Ohio River, via Little Rock to the Texas boundry, near Fort Fulton, in Arkansas, with brenches, to Fort Smith and the Mississippi River, approved July 28, 1866. which was referred to the Committe on Public Lunds.

The members of the House then proceeded to the Senate Chamber.

WASHINGTON.

THE ELECTIONS AT THE SOUTH.

to General Grant.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

It declares that Arkansas having framed and adopted a State Government, which is republican in form, shall be entitled to representation as soon as the State Legislature shall have ratified the fourteenth article, preposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and on condition that the State constitution shall never be amended or changed as to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the right to vote, who are entitled to vote by the Constitution herein reorganized, or so

CABLE.

Additional Dispatches from Gen

Trial of the Clerkenwell Pri oners Concluded. Rarrett Found Guilty, and th

Great Rejoicing Over Abyssnia News and the Safety of Prince Alfred.

Others Acquitted.

PINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Additional Dispatches from General Napier—Etc. London, Tuesday, April 27. Two dispatches from General Napier have seen received by Sir Stafford Northcote. The first, without date, says an engagen no killed. During the next two days the whether he will do so or not. His troops are

moralized. The second dispatch, dated April 14, says Theodore's army was disheartened by sever losses. Some of the chiefs surrendered the most formidable position of Chilasse, and many thousand men laid down their arm The King had retired into Magdala.

Magdala was taken by assault on the 13th, under cover of the Armstrong steel guns, the eight-inch mortars and the rocket battery The ascent to the fortress was most formida

King Theodore was killed while defending the place to the last. Our loss is small. The army will return

A second reconnoissance to the front tohas twenty-eight guns mounted outside to-day. General Napier has sent him a letter demanding the release of the captives. Our army is concentrated on the river. Scaling ladders and torpedoes have been got ready for an at-10th instant. The army has arrived within ax miles of the fortress. The King's camp is on a great height, in full view of our force

The tempory truce ended this morning, and the King refused to surrender the prisoners. General Napler, with the First and Se ond Brigades, moved up the hill in front of calesse, and surrounded it without resist ance. The King retreated into Magala. He planted five guns at the base of the wails, and when General Napler came in sight, the King opened upon him with his guns. The English replied with a 12 pounder Armstron gun and a 7-pounder, and with rockets. The King abandoned his guns, and barricaded the salient parts of the town wall, keeping up a

his men to advance, and the town was car-The British loss was tifteen wounded, rank been shot through the head. Some say he mitted suicide. His two sons were taken

The interior of the King's stronghold presented an extraordinary scene of barbaric splendor. The troops plundered the place. They found four Royal Crowns of gold, \$20,-000 in silver, valuable plate of rich fewels,

Among the trophies captured are 28 cannon, spears, and a large quanity of other material

The Would-be Assassin of Prince Aifred sentenced to Deith-Case of Gierkenweit Prisoners Concluded, Harrett Found Guilty, and the Others Acquitted. London, April 21.—Advices from Sydney, empted to assassinate Prince Alfred, has

Glasgow on December 13, were either avowed members of the Fenian organization or per-

have called the employer of Barrett to prove his absence.

He would have been a competent witness, but this attempt to prove an alibi was part of a concected scheme planned by Barrett himself. In conclusion, he called the attention of the jury to the direct and incontrovertible evidence given by the witnesses, whose integrity was unimpeachable; that Barrett did come to London for the express purpose of loining this murderous conspiracy to release his co-laborer. Raylor.

nis co-laborer, Burke.

Mr. Green, counsel for Barrett, replied mitted Barrett's employer would have been a out of occupation, and consequently had neither landlord nor employer.

poning of the North German Par BERLIN, April 27.—The third session of the North German Parliament has commenced. King William, of Prussia, made the opening speech. He said the aim of the memoral should be the mutual and material interests of the

reaties with Austria and Spain, and hoped that a desire for national good would rule them in all their proceedings. He congratu-lated them on the peaceful and friendly local relations, and trusted that those of North Germany, with the great powers of Europe

of peace was the great and only object.

The King's speech was pacific throughout.
He concluded by expressing the hope that
during the present session, and, in all evens,
he might count upon the united power of Germany. His remarks were very favorably received. On the conclusion of his speech, he shook hands heartily with the Bavarian Minister. The latter called for three cheer for the King, which were given with a will. Proceedings in Parliament:

ment to-night, without a dissenting voice, voted on an address to the Queen upon the subject of the attempt to assassinate Prince nation and the royal family in the untoward the country with horror, and hope that the Prince may soon be restored to health. Mr.D'Israell in reply to a question by Mr.Lay-ard, made some remarks on the subject of the Abyssinian war, in which he spoke in mos eral Napier, his army, and all who gave ald

inia. He said it was only equalled by that o Mexico by Certez. The House subsequently went into committee on the Irish Church question. The first

length.

Among the spoakers were Mr. Dillwin, Mr. Charles Gilfin, Mr. Odongue, and Mr. Horsman in favor of the resolution, and Mr. Harslake, General Peel, and Lord John No points were made by the speakers which

the former discussion.

The House adjourned at one o'clock. Financial and Commercial. LONDON, April 27—Evening.—Consoliclosed steady at 94@94%. American securities close firm; 5-20s, 70%@70%; Erie, 46%; Hilindis Central, 04%.

Himose Central, 94%.

FRANKFORT. April 27—Evening.—5-20s close firm at 75%.

Paris. April 27—Evening.—Bourse steady; rentes 69 francs 25 centimes.

Liverpool., April 27.—Cotton market closed somewhat easier at a slight decline; midding upland, on the spot, 12% 213.1; sfloat, 13% 41; Orleans. 13% 2134.5; sales of 15.000 baies. Breadstuffs are quiet and steady without any material alteration in prices. Provisions closed quiet and steady. Lard firm at 65s. 64. for American. Others unchanged. Resin advanced to 7s. 3d. for common North Carolina. Other articles unchanged.

arolina. Other articles unchanged. LONDON, April 27.—Linseed cakes declined ANTWERP, April 27 .- Petroleum quiet at 42%f. HAVRE, April 27.—Cotton closes active and higher at 154f.

Dominican Commissioner to the United States to Negotiate for the Saie of Samana, etc.

commanded by American officers, and Fresident Salnave was losing ground daily. The attempt of General Chevalier to reinforce Salnave failed, and the party under his command was defeated by Coicz, and with difficulty got back to Cape Maytine.

ST. LOUIS.

Arrested for Violating Revenue Laws—Members of Walsky Blug Indicted—Ltc. Indicted—atc.

St. Louis, Tuesday, April 27.

John C. Fry, George L. Little, Captain Dan
Able and Captain Joseph Christie, of the
steamer Laura, were arrested to-day for violating the revenue law in connection with distilling spirits; all plead not guilty and were
bailed. Christie in \$3,000. Dan Able \$2,000
and Fry and Little \$1,000 each. The two
latter have held positions as special agents
in the; Treasury Department. Ten other
members of the whisky ring have been indicted by the grand jury, but their names not
transpiring.

and a night of two stervard, he was a saulted.

The distilleries were subsequently released at a cost to the owners, it is said, of twenty-five thousand dollars.

Phillips thinks the design was to kill him.

NASHVILLE.

Stabbing and Shooting Affray—Inducted into Office Without Giving Bond,

ELECTION NEWS.

MACON, Monday, April 27.

In Bibb County, official, Bullock, 2,192;
Gordon 1,917; for the constitution, 315; majority, 15. Fifteen additional south western
counties received to-day give Gordon over
1,100 majority. Houston County, with over
2,000 negro majority on the registry, gives
Gordon 334 majority, and elects a full Democratic ticket. Gordon 333 majority, and elected to Congress in the seched district by 300 majority.

Mr. Gore, radical, is elected in the fourth district by upwards of 1,500 majority.

It is very close between Alexander and Edwards in the third district.

ALEXANDRIA. Political.

Boiler Explosion-Three Personal Killed and Four Wounded. PHILADELPHIA, Mcnday, April 27.

A botler in the rolling mill of Mesers. Let bert & Co., in Marlbarough street, explode this morning, demoitabing the building John McGill, Frank Smith, and John Davi were killed, four persons were we seriously, and many others slightly, the present time thirteen wounded p have been taken from the ruins.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Monday, April 27.

Extensive Robbery.

NEW ORLEANS.

New ORLEANS, Mon day, April 27. New ORLEANS, Mon day, April 27.
The Tribune, said to be the only daily paper in the United States owned and edited by negroes, has suspended for want of support. It supported Taliferro for Governor, and a native State ticket, and consequently was deprived of all official patronage. The Picagune passes a high compilment on the ability, skill, and integrity of its management. MEMPHIS.

At the Memphis racing dourse the day, the race between Agues Donovan and Viola, best two in three, was won by Agues. Time, 2:06 and 2:09. In the race for the best three in five, Pat Malley won. Time, 2:06 . The track was very heavy. A heavy rain is fail-

BALTIMORE. An Embezzier Pardened

PROVIDENCE.

Anniversary CelebrationPROVIDENCE, R. I., Monday, April 27.
The Odd Fellows of Rhode Island celebrated the forty-ninth anniversary of the oder to-day. AUGUSTA. Memorial Celebration

AUGUSTA, Monday, April 27.
The confederate memorial celebration to

ALBANY. Legislative. ALBANY, Monday, April 27.

JACKSON.

JACKSON, Monday, April 27

From the New York Journal of Commo

Bentwell's Speech.

The Journal of Commerce may truly claim to be just and impartial as between the President and Congress. From the beginning of this impeachment business we have telt only such an intrest in its issue as all citizens must feel who have at heart the well-being and permanence of republican institutions. We have recognized faults and mistakes in the President, and have not hesitated to subject them to cur criticism. We have marked with sorrow the unmistakable signs of passion and prejudice in the Housegathering volume from day to day, until, like a great wave, it has taken the steadless of men off their feet. We have traced, since the trial commenced in the Senate, the corrupting influence of political ambition warping the judgment of men hitherto supposed to be inaccessible to selfish personal considerations, until the aspect of the "High Court of Impeachment" is little better at times than that of a packed jury, who come into their seats on the first day with the fixed determination to convict.

Mr. Boutwell's speech we have read with the same freedom from bias with which we have perused the arguments of Butler and Curtis. We admit its general eleverness, as we did that of Butler's. As a whole it is abler, and certainly more decorous than the effort of the leading Manager. But it must greatly disappoint those who had expected.

United States to Negetiate for the Sale of Samana, etc.

HAVANA, Tuesday, April 27.

Mr. Fabius, Dominican Commissioner to the Usited States to nerotiate for the sale of Samana, and Senor Jessura, banker of Curacoa, and agent of Boez, arrived here to-day and will leave by the first steamer to the United States.

The people of St. Domingo are greatly exasperated against Boez, and a revolution is momentarily expected, which will probably place the Lupe-on or Cabrai at the head of the government.

The report that a considerable amount of specie had arrived at St. Thomas from the United States for the purchase of Samana is contradicted.

It is reported that show the war still continues. It is reported that the Corac are commanded by American officers, and President Salary of Corac are commanded by American officers, and President Salary of the same that he has put himself in the position of playing second fiddle to such a man, catching the echo of his malevolent cat gut, and struggling to keep in harmony with his disordant times. Third fiddle Bangham, fourth didle Logan, and the rest of the orchestra will take their pitch, of course, from the same

ing the echo or his marwotent cat gut, and strugging to keep in harmony with his discordant thes. Third fiddle Bingham, fourth fiddle Logan, and the rest of the orchestra will take their pitch, of course, from the same bow, and thus give to the united efforts of the Managers a certain Butterian predominance of gail and bitterness. But we did expect a more isdependent, home-made, creditable speech from Boutwell.

Without undertaking to sift what is exceptionable out of fifteen newspaper columns, or thirty-three thousand words, we would point out a fair sample of Boutwell's unworthy method, when he is least himself and most Butler. It occurs toward the close of his speech when he speaks of the President as the author of all the troubles and disorders which now beset the Southern States. We do not remember in Butler's "harangue" anything more foreign to the truth, more heavily laden with malice and passion than these expressions: "He has brought disorder, confusion, and bloodshed to the homes of twelve millions of people, many of whom are of our own bolood, and all of whom are or own countrymen." "The States of this Union are without law, without security, without safety, public order everywhere violated, public justice nowhere respected, and all in consequence of the evil pursuits and machinations of the of the President." "He has inaugurated and adhered to a policy which has deprived the people of those blessings of peace, of the protection of law, and of the just rewards of honest industry." "A vast and important portion by the republic is helpless under the evils which his administration has brought upon it." And so on. It must be apparent to any person accustomed to analyze literary compositions that this sort of stuff is merely rhetorical. It represents no genuine conviction in Boutwell's mind. The separate accusations that we have quoted convey the same idea dressed up differently. It is but the stabbing of one dagger a number of times into the same wound. Boutwell is malicious, those paragraphs display tha

gine and contrivance for moulding the sentiment of the South. The whole South has been as much in the hands of Congress as Topsy was in Aunt Ophelia's. They have had full heense to experiment upon it. If they had succeeded, they would have claimed all the credit of the education; as they have deplorably failed, they would cast the responsibility of the muddle upon President Johnson. To put the idea into plain English, he is the scapegoat of the blunders of Congress—blunders arising out of the ignorance of most Northern representatives of the real state of affairs at the South, and out of malice which rejudees in the infliction of humiliation and torture—blunders many and self-confossed, as has been shown by the numerous attempts of Congress to mend the Reconstruction Bill, so as to make it work. But it does not work, simply because it is absurd and impracticable. No persons in this land more clearly than the Southern whites have seen from the beginning that the President was nothing. Congress everything. It is to Congress they nave looked and appealed, not to the President. To deny this is to confess either a dense ignorance of the tone of Southern newspapers and Southern men, or an unsurpassed cruelty of purpose, in putting all the responsibility upon the President, after having stripped him of almost the last vestige of the power to do either good or evil.

Whatever offenses Congress may bring home to Mr. Johnson, we do not believe that they will succeed, in the minds of equitable reasoning men, in this cowardly attempt to transfer the grievous burden of Southern misrule from Congressional shoulders to him.

From the Savannah, Georgia, Republican, April 8.
THE LAT! ST "BEBEL OUTRAGE." Brutal Murder by Negroes in Barn-weil District, South Carolina—An Oversoor Killed by Plantation Hands.

One of the most brutal and savage murder

one of the most ortain and savage muruers ever recorded occurred on Wednesday last, in Barnwell District, South Carolina, which shows that the seed of Radicalism, so thickly sown in that State, is bearing fruit with a vengeance. We are indebted to a gentleman from that locality for the particulars of the rengance. We are mochest to gentleman from that locality for the particulars of the horrible tragedy.

It appears that on the day mentioned, the overseer on the plantation of William J. Lawton, Esq., (a cousin of General Lawton, of this city,) near Allendale, Barawell Dustrict, South Carolina, told one of the field hands to go to work and commence plowing. To this the negro objected and a difficulty ensued, and the wife'of the negro came up, and by her violent language further increased his ire, and he raised a heavy hoe that he had in his hand, and attempted to strike the overseer on the head, but he managed to evade the blow. The negro then attempted to strike a second blow, but the overseer drew a pistol and shot him in the face, inflicting a slight wound. He then retired to his house, and for about half an hour all remained quiet.

The negro, meanwhile, had been among his fellows, inciting them to violence, and soon a crowd of them assembled around the over-

seer's house. Nearly all the negroes on the plantation were in the assembly, and the overseer, seeing that his life was in danger, jumped out of a window and ran. Shots were fired at him, one of which wounded him. He still continued to run, however, thus wounded and bleeding, affd pursued by the savage crowd of brutes, now inflamed to to a perfect fury. After a chase of about a mile, the overseer reached the house of Mrs. Mailon, whose husband was absent at the time. He implored her to take him in and sheiter him from the yelling pursuers, who were seeking his life, which she did most willingly. Then she took her stand outside the door, and for more than an hour held the murderers at bay, resisting all their efforts to effect an entrance, and refusing to accede to their demand to give up their victim. They strove to get her away, but she struggled noby, heroically maintaining her position, and receiving many bruses at their hands.

Finding that they could not intimidate this courageous lady, the foremost of them broke in the window of the house, and they were quickly followed by others, and the wounded man inside soon fell a victim to their awayge fury. Shots were fired at him, and eleven buckshot entered his breast. While he lay upon the floor in the agonies of death, a negro woman came up and beat him with sticks, and some of the worst among them deelared that they would not leave without a piece of his fiesh to carry home with them.

A more brutal or diabolical murder has perhaps never been committed, and those who perpetrated the bloody deed, while in the act

A more brutal or diabolical murder has purhaps never been committed, and those who perpetrated the bloody deed, while in the act of executing their horrid purpose, acted more like demons let loose from Pandemonum than anything in the semblance of humanity. While engaged in their murderous work, they were frequently heard to cry out that the radicals would protect them, thus showing that the responsibility for the terrible death of this poor man rests with those who have scattered broadcast throughout the South the seeds of blood-ded and disorder.

We clip the following details of this brutal murder of a worthy young gestleman, well murder of a worthy young gentleman, well known in Monroe County, from the last For-

known in Monroe County, from the last Forsyth Advertiser:

"We regret to learn that cur former townsman, Mr. James Martin, was brutally mordered by negroes, near Allendale, South Carolina, last Wednesday. He had an altercation with a negro, who attempted to kill him
with a hoe, when "fr. Martin shot him in theface. A mob of negroes then collected around
his house, shot him down, and mangled his
body in a most shocking manner with axes
and clubs."

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

Government Appropriations and
Expenditures—Conventence of the
Besiclency Account—Beceptions of
Official Estimates, Etc.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1868.

The action of Congress thus far, especially
the House, in the matter of reducing the
amounts of appropriations below the sums
recommended by the various committees and
heads of departments, has been the subject of
solicitous controversy among officials here.

While the inconsiderate and oftentimes
reckless cutting down of appropriations was
going on, the members who advocated the
reductions were shown the inadequacy of the
appropriations in many important instances.
The reply was, generally: "We can't help it
now; we must make a good showing to the
people until we get through with the elections. We can make it up in deficiency billis
hereafter, etc., etc.

hereafter, etc., etc.

As the matter now appears, there will be hereafter an oppressive doubling or quadrupting of taxation in some branches of expenditures, which will be charged up to that convenient pack-horse, the "definiency" account. There is also frequently a wide difference between official estimates and the actual expenditures. penditures.
The War Department estimates, from time

In his official report to the President in December, 1865, Mr. Stanton estimates for War Department expenses (which he says is "adequate for a peace establishment") for the fiscal year commencing the 30th day of June, 1855, at \$33,814,461. His drafts upon the Treasury for that year were \$117,700,980 16. Mr. Stanton's official report dated December, 1865, and reported to Congress, estimates the expenses for the fiscal year ending June, 1868, at \$25,205,669. The drafts of the War Department on the Treasury for nine months of that fiscal year, namely, to the 31st of March, 1868, were \$10,098,112 68. General Grant, Secretary ad interim, in his official report last December, estimates the total expenses for the fiscal year at \$77,124,707, or more than three times the sum estimated by Stanton, and yet but one-half the actual expenses, as shown by drafts paid for three-quarters of the year.

The disproportion between official estimates and appropriations and the actual expenses are more alarmingly because more penses are more alarmingly, because more broadly, displayed in the costs of the War Department than in any other direction; and yet from a close observation of the working in other departments, it is found that generally a corresponding disproportion exists between appropriations during this session and estimated expenses.

a corresponding disproportion exists between appropriations during this session and estimated expenses.

The tsxpeyers will have a fearful bill to pay next year to meet "deficiencies," caused by inadequate appropriations, to "make a good showing to the people" "until after the elections are over."

The eighth Congress of the German National Brewers' Association, which was to be held in June at Buffalo, has been postponed, on account of the National Sharpshooting Festival, to be held in New York City in the

CINCINNATI, MONDAY EVENING, April 27, 1868.

The total receipts of Live Stock for the week

Beef Cattle-The market has been moderate

Sheep—The market during the week has been over supplied and dull, with a decline of %@10

The market to-day was brisk, with good de-

Masonic-Capital City Lodge, No. 312, F. and A. Masons, in Grand Masonic Hall, this evening at half past seven o'clock. Work—Second

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR AND FEED.

No. 59 South Illinois Street. WHITEWASHING.

Whitewashing. THE undersigned is now prepared to do
Whitewashing on the shortest notice, and
m reasonable terms. All walls and cellings will
be carefully repaired when desired. Leave or
ders at Thompson's Fish Stand, 31 South Meri
dian street.

J. D. ANDERSON.

MACHINE WORKS.

Ohio Machine Works.

NOS. 43 and 45 Broadway, Have made and sold over twelve hundred Saw Mills.

These Mills cut 10,000 feet of hard lumber per day.

These Mills cut 10,000 feet of hard lumber per day.

Stearns Patent Head Blocks—the best in the world—and sold cheaper than by any other establishment.

BOILERS. Double and Single Circular Saw Mills

Turbine Water Wheels.

CREAT REDUCTION.

GEO. M. JENISON & CO., essors to W. H. Talbott & Co.,) Established 1830.

WATCHES, DIAMONDS,

and all kinds of Precious Stones, in fine Gold,

Coin Silver and Best Quality

PLATED WARE.

Watch Materials and Tools, At the Lowest Eastern Prices

A LTHOUGH not special agents for the American Watch Company, yet with the advantage of buying largely for CASH, we are enabled to sell THEIR WATCHES lower than any other house, and will do so. To convince the public house, and will do so. To convince the public public with the convince the public public will be self-lower, we quote the following

The above are a few of our prices, and the prices of all other goods in our line will be found No. 24 East Washington Street,

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

ars d3mSatTu&Thtop8thcollstp

WANTED. WANTED—Agents wanted for the Official History of the War, its causes, character, conduct and results, by Hon Alexander H. Stophens. It ready sale, combined with an increasion of the sale of the best sorrigion took ever published.

One agent in Easton, Pennsylvania, reports 38 subscribers in three days. Another, in Hoston, 103 subscribers in four days. Send for circulars, and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

By Table 19 and 19

Howard's Domestic Medicine. Or Family Companion.

A Physician in Disease, and a Guide in Health.
Containing 1,000 large octavo pages, 131 llustrations. This standard work is what its name imports, exclusively a Family Doctor Book and
Guide; sells better, and pays agents better than
any similar work now published; also, for Dr.
Moore's complete History of the Great Rebellion,
splendidly illustrated and bound in elegant style;
its low price (only 25 50) brings it within the
reach of all. Our agents make from \$100 to \$500
per month. per month.
For terms, with list of our books, Bibles, etc... QUAKERCITY PUBLISHING HOUSE,
927 Sansom street,
b3 d3m Philadelphia, Penn.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-A second band Buggy For par-ticulars inquire at Sullivan & Drew's Liv-ery Stable, on Pearl sirect. V B. TAYLOR. apr35 d2t* A GREAT BANGAIN.—A two story House containing five rooms, etc., well and pump, on New York street. Price \$1,200 Cheap.
Cottage of six rooms, pantry, summer kitchen and cellar. Lot well set in shrubbery, etc.; well and cistern, stable, etc. Price \$2,100.
Two fine vacant Lots South Meridian street. Size 32 by 165 tect. JAMES FRANK, apr25 dst No. 35% East Washington street.

Kentucky Avenue.

FLETCHER'S PASTURE. To all citizens owning stock and desiring good pasture for same, this coming season, I will say to such persons that on FRIDAY, May I, 1888, I will open the gate of this splendid Bulk GRASS PASTURE, at the terminus of Fletcher avenue, for receiving such stock, nine squares from Circle street. Gate open from six until half-past seven A. M. and from half past four until six P. M. ADA A reduction of prices will be made to all persons pasturing stock for the term of four months. A.L. PASTURAGE PAID IN ADVANCE.

J. R. CHILDERS,

Gate-keeper and Collector of Pasturage.

BENJ. DAVIS, Proprietor.

april d. w

In Bankruptcy. District of Indiana, S.S. At Indianapolis, the District of Indiana, S.S. 27th day of April, A. D., 1888.

THE undersigned hereby give moving of their appointment as assignees in the County of Kusa, and State of Indiana, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District, W. A. BRADSHAW, Apr28 ditawsw J. W. BRADSHAW, Apr28 ditawsw

INSURANCE.



Insurance Co., of New York. ETNA LIFE Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

Issues Policies on all the different plans and at as low rates as safety and prudence will justify. Takes a note for half the premium, thereby giving double the amount of Insurance with the same sum in cash invested in ALL Cash Companies. All losses promptly adjusted and paid in ash at this office.

A. ABROMET, Agents, Office, Zina Building, febl d5m Indianapolis, indiana

INSURANCE J. BARNARD, BUFFALO CITY INS. CO., OF BUFFALO, NEW YORK,

WASHINGTON INSURANCE CO., OF NEW YOR



TUEDSAY MORNING. DEMOGRATIC STATE TICKET

For Governor Thomas A. Hendricks, of Marion. " For Lleutenant Governor. Alfred P. Edgerton, of Allen. For Secretary of State, REUBEN C. KISE, of Boone.; For Anditor of State,

JOSEPH V. BEMUSDAFFER, of Franklin. For Treasurer of State, LAMES B. RYAN, of Marion For Clerk of Supreme Court, NOAH S. LAROSE, of Cass. For Reporter of Supreme Court, M. A. O. PACKARD, of Marshall. For Superintendent of Public Instruction, JOHN R. PHILLIPS, of Daviess. For Attorney General, SOLOMON CLAYPOOL, of Putnam For Electors at Large, JOHN R. COFFROTH, of Huntington, BAYLESS W. HANNA, of Vigo. Contingents,

organization similar in character to the Grand army of the Republic, but in antagonism to its partisan objects. The White Boys in Blue JASON B. BROWN, of Jackson, WILLIAM M. FRANKLIN, of Owen have but one object in view, and that is the political regeneration of the country. They For District Electors, First District Thomas R. Cobb, of Knox. Contingent—R. S. Sproule, of Vanderburg stand now just where they did when they entered the service, and they are for maintainng the principles and the objects which were Second District—C. S. Dobbins, of Martin. Contingent—Jonas G. Howard, of Clarke. roclaimed by Congress for waging the war Third District-James Gavin, of Decatur. Contingent-Elhanan C. Devore, of Jennings. and suppressing the rebellion. Their platform is brief but comprehensive. They are Fourth District-John S. Reid, of Fayette. Contingent-Benjamin L. Smith, of Rush. in favor of the Constitution of the United States, the restoration of the States (now ex-Fifth District—John M. Lord, of Marion. Contingent—Cass Byfield, of Johnson. cluded) to representation, and are opposed to the revolutionary action of Congress. The Sixth District—A. B. Carleton, of Lawrence. Contingent—Samuel E. Hamill, of Sallivan. whole purpose of the White Boys in Blue is Seventh District-T. F. Davidson, of Fountain. Contingent-B. B. Daily, of Carroll. happily expressed in one paragraph of their Eighth District—James F. McDowell, of Gran Contingent—N. R. Linsday; of Howard. henor and the flag of our country in preserv-ing our Union against the assaults of rebels in Ninth District-John Colerick, of Allen. Contingent-Samuel A. Shoaff, of Jay. arms, we shall be equally true and fathful at the ballot box, to save our country and flag from destruction at the hands of radicalism, and thus preserve and perpetuate in civil life, that restoration of the Union which we be-lieved we had achieved in military conflict." Tenth District-O. H. Main, of Elkhart. Contingent-E. Van Long, of Noble. Eleventh District-Not appointed.

The Indiana State Sentinel for the Campaign.

character and schemes of the Grand Army of We will furnish the WEEKLY SENTINEL for the the Republic, and believing that oath bound political bodies are dangerous to Republican campalen running until after the Presidential election, for \$1. This is a low price, and our sum is to aid in the diffusion of political information of the right character. We hope our friends throughout the State will take advantage of this offer, and see to it that the WEEKLY SEN- radical party, were induced to unite with the TINEL has a place in, at least, every Domocratic Jamily in the State. R. J. BRIGHT.

Indianapolis, Indiana.

The Treasury, Treasury Ring, and The New York Herald, of Saturday last, contains some interesting revelations in regard to the operations of the Treasury Department, the Treasury ring, and the national anks, which will give the people some idea of the financial operations of the Government and how the operators feather their nests. Referring to the letter of it; Washington correspondent, which we publish elsewhere, the Herald remarks:

ped and intensified. "It is shown, as we have frequently said, Boys in Blue," is a civic association. The that there is an intimate connection between members will not be armed and equipped as the Treasury Department, certain prominent soldiers and they will only wear a badge to members of Congress, and the national banks. distinguish them from other political organizaand that the finances and financial policy of tions. Soldiers can best appreciate the value of the Government are worked in the interest of organization and discipline. In political what our correspondent properly calls 'this warfare these qualities are as necessary to the end as in military. amount is which these banks make out of the people and Government through the assistance

But it will be an open organization, with their people and Government through the assistance principles and purposes boldly emblazoned and favor of Mr. McCutloch and the members on their banners. Bound together by comof Congress interested. Besides the twentymon political sympathies, they will keep step five millions a year which the banks make to the music of the Union, and uphoid the out of the privilege of their circulation, which glorious old Constitution, framed by the wise is a direct robbery of the people, their property-that is, their bonds-is exempt from taxstion, and some of them, as our correspondent dation and stabilished its foundation and stabilished its foundation and the stabilished its foundation and th shows, have the use of twenty-seven millions though the great process of twenty-seven millions and more of Government deposits without their organization, not military or secret paying interest for them. Then there are the we sgain repeat, all soldiers who did
manipulation of hundreds of millions of
national securities, and other profitable jobs
which are given to some of these banks, and
all which could be done by the department

we again repeat, all soldiers who did
Government security for another, and making
a fat commission on both; making secretsales
of Government gold, so as to leave a handsome margin to operators, and depositing the
people's borpowed money in pet national
braid profits of the profitable profits of the propose of the profits of the pr all which could be done by the department itself at a great saving of public money. But there is no hope of any reform as long as Mr. McCulloch, the national banks, and the Treasury ring, in and out of Congress, have power over the finances of the country."

The leading operator in the treasury and The leading operator in the treasury and national bank rings is one JAY COOKE, who, it is said, has made the moderate sum of fifteen throughout the State. millions through his connection with the Tressury Department. His wealth is mostly pays no State, county or municipal taxes and he receives the interest upon his investment in gold, no matter whether the country is in prosperity or adversity, whether the crops are good or bad and whether labor receives its just, we may say necessary, recompense or not. JAY COOKE, who, during the war, promulgated the idea that a "national debt is a national blessing," holds a mortgage upon the industry of the country, upon the labor of the sons of toil, for the prompt payment of his gold interest, hence he can appreciate the "blessings" of a national debt. The interest upon fitteen millions, gold interest recollect, at six per cent, is nine hundred thousand dollars, or about a million and a quarter in greenbacks. Could not a "loil" man like JAY COOKE be very patriotic upon such an income and mostly made out of his operations in connection with the Treasury Popartment? The Treasury ring appear to be able to manipulate Congress to suit their purposes. A national banks show that they have some twenty-seven millions of Government funds on deposit, upon which they play no inferest. Is that amount of money aby safer, in fact is it as safe, in the keeping of the national banks as it would be in the Government depositories? Yet right in Washington, and within a short distance of the United States Depository, JAY COOKE's not. JAY COOKE, who, during the war, prothe United States Depository, JAY COOKE'S national bank has an average of Government deposits, without interest, of over a million of dollars. A national banker who can still handle Government funds for his own benefit, is very likely to be under the impression that it is the best system of banking ever devised. Of course national bankers are quite unwilling to part with such rich drippings from the public Treasury. In January last a bill passed the House prohibiting the depost of Government money in any national bank within a dertain distance of a United States sub-Treasury. The bill went to the Senate and the control of t deposits, without interest, of over a million of for its concurrence, and was referred to the . The correspondent of the Cincinnati Easub-Treasury. The bill went to the Senate Finance Committee, and that committee gave quirer pays an equally high tribute to the

CATTRIL is President of the Corn Exchange
National Bank, of Philadelphia, one of the
Government depositories, and that accounts
for the milk in the cocoa nut.

Let us look at the figures. The Corn Exchange Bank in a recent report show that it
has \$257,238 45 of United States deposits. And
it had deposited with the United States
Trensurer \$250,000 of United States bonds
t) secure the deposits. The gold interest

(M. Government deposits one sense, and one only, in
sense, and one only, in
the removal of Andrew Johnson can
be called a party necessity. The Republican
party can not afford to be recreased.

Then to be removal of Andrew Johnson can
be called a party necessity. The Republican
party can not afford to be recreased.

The necessity for it to det. Its plain duty
for the country is to convict the President.

The necessity for it to perform that duty is
of the same kind which makes it imperative
upon every individual mans to obey the ten
commandments.—New York Tribune. upon these bonds, which the bank purchases with the Government deposits, amounts to duty imperative, he is giving evil counsel to fifteen thousand dollars annually, a nice little the Senate. One of the commandments says, plum without a penny invested. No wonder "thou shalt not bear false witness against Senator CATTELL is opposed to the bill requir- thy neighbor," and the Senator who has been ing all Government money to be deposited in sworn to be governed in his verdict by the United States depositories, when within fifty Constitution, the law, and the evidence, will

the matter into the hands of Senator CATTELL,

who reported adversely upon it. Senator CATTELL is President of the Corn Exchange

niles of a national bank.

The United States furnish the national finds the President guilty of high crimes and miles of a national bank. banks with about three hundred millions of banking capital and allow them upon the samestx per cent. gold interest, about eighteen millions of dollars annually, which is equal to twenty-three millions in greenbacks, nearly one-third of the entire annual expenditures of the Government under the last Democratic fields, the party rules instead of right. If such a view of what the Tribune calls "duty," such a view of what the Tribune calls "duty," one million four hundred and seventy-seven equivalent should be given for it. And what is to prevail, then the country instead of bedo you think it is, reader? Just this, no ing subject to the Constitution and the laws, more, the furnishing of the people with a cur- will be ruled by party despotism and party rency no better than greenbacks, for it is based upon the very same kind of security, civil liberty that are the foundation of the the public faith. Is not such an arrangement | Constitution and free government. a "stupendous folly?" Does it not strike every man of practical sense that the Govern-

under the control of a Treasury ring, a lot of tary. He knows the ropes-

money sharks who are enriching themselves t the cost of the people. The management of the public finances furnishes conclusive evidence that such is the case, And these operations are winked at by the radical maority in Congress. The "Treasury ring" terance to such language as the following prevents any legislation that will conflict with the rinterests or that will lighten the buriens of the people. And there is no hope for the painfully indicative of the ultimate our change without a radical overturn in the ad- pose of the radical party: ministration of the Government. If the peo ple want relief they must turn over the direcwill administer it with an eye single to the public interests. Not until then will the pres ent enormous burdens which hang like mill

it is not a military organization, or has it any

other than a political object. It is not a secre

or oath bound society. Its plans and pur-

poses are published to the world. Nothin

is concealed, nothing is withheld from the

the Grand Army had ulterior objects in view,

organized to give all

dates of the dispatches, and showed that they were sent three months before the reconstruc-

tion bill passed.
So of all the other articles, he treated them

speech, and remarks, that "if there was any

pretext for conviction before, Mr. GROESBECK

If Mr. GREELEY really thinks the latter

has swept it away."

And the

mer purity and economy.

have seen a great many colored woman. I would rather walk with than a great many white men." It can no longer be concealed that the social as well as political equality of the races is the goal at which radicalism aims. It may be tones upon the national industry be diminshed and the Government restored to its for like Governor BAKER and the radical leader and speakers denied in the canvass of 1866, that The White Boys in Bine-Objects of the Organization. their party contemplated the adoption of negro equality North or South, but if they There is some misapprenension in regard to this organization, which has recently been eed in the fall election they will as surely attempt to bring about the social equality of the races as they have established politics inaugurated in this State. Although exclusively composed of those who have been in equality wherever they had the power. the military or naval service of the country.

vania, now a member of the Pennsylvania Leg-islature, was formerly a member of Congress

"I may possibly see the day that I may walk side by side with a colored woman.

from that State and is an able and disting ed radical leader. When such a man gives jut-

FROM MADISON.

Special Correspondence Indianapolis Sentinel MADISON, IND., April 26, 1868, EDITOR SENTINEL: In view of the largely public eye. By many it is thought to be an increasing circulation of your paper in this in the success of the SENTINEL, yourself and may, if my efforts are found acceptable, continue my correspondence. Just at this time, however, there is little of interest to chronicle, except in politics. The radicals, smarting under the stinging defeat given them in this county at the late township elections have organized a club, a kind of illegitimat offspring of that hideous, unfathered farce the Grand Army of the Republic, an ephme rial and puerile organization of "played out" political soldiers, and repudiated demagogues and bankrupt tricksters, fitly stigmatized by a well known M. D. of our place, a gentleman

well known M. D. of our piace, a gentleman of great ability, as the gar, sir, the meanest fish that swims.

On last Saturday night this nice little party outrageously called by some unmitigated and profane cuse, the Ethiopian Harmonicans, met at the Court House in answer to pleading appeals from their party sheet made for several days previously, and the vigorous ringing of the Court House bell, to the number of about seventy-five, to hear General T. T. Crittenden, an anxious candidate for the empty honor of the radical nomination for Congress, as the chairman of the Harmonicans stated, "speak in his usual able and patrictic style." Well, if the General's "style" is to be ludged by his That as soldiers in the field, true to the chairman of the Harmonican stated, "speak in his usual able and patrictic style." Well, if the General's "style" is to be judged by his fefort on Saturday, we are of the opinion that few would like to hear him when he is not "patrictle," in a case before the Supreme Court for Instance. The General's effort was pitiable; While in direct hostillty to the partisan

institutions, they make no personal war upon the members of that secret political society, nor will they assail or question their gallantry or integrity as soldiers, or the patriotism of their motives. A large number of soldiers who have no sympathy with the radical party, were induced to unite with the Girand Army, upon the ground that it was solely a charitable association, combined with the idea of keeping alive the friendships and associations formed during the war. In this they have been deceived. The organizers of the members of that secret political society, and in view of that fact, we would suggest the wild associations formed during the war. In this they have been deceived. The organizers of the friendships and the members of that secret political society, and the cause, by declaring, as all the cause, by declaring, as all the cause, by declaring, as all the cause because of the war must be secured. The truits of the war must be secured. The truits of the war must be secured. The cause of the cause, by declaring, as all the cause, by declaring, as all the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by the cause, by declaring, as all the cause by declaring and cause, by declaring General, that it is a good preventive if taken in time. they have been deceived. The organizers of

One of the most amusing remarks of the General was that he would, if nominated for Congress, wage an aggressive war and not one for defence! The idea of the General and they were to use it as a means to accomtheir partisan and party ends. the White Boys in Blue making an aggressive warfare, in politics mean, is like our old friend, Thad. Wilbe sol-

taking charge of the editorial columns of the New York Tribune.

1 can state to you that the Democrats of this County and District are in full feather, and are determined to carry Jefferson County next dlers and sailors the opportunity to unite with an association which reflects and represents their political sentiments, and at the same time helps to keep alive the attachfall, while the radicals are the sickest ments and associations which the war develpart defeated devils you ever saw. The defeat they received on the 6th, dishartened and prostrated them. Constable Howard, with stick on his arm, is gall and wormwood to them. We elected for Trustee one of the best bravest and truest of men, although confining himself to an humble sphere, that breaths the breath of life—Israel Fowler. This county While composed of soldiers the "White breath of life—Israel Fowler. This county and certainly this District will go Democratic beyond a doubt. Our men are at work and

The Treasury Hing-More Light Needed-A National Bank Presi-dent on the United States Senate Finance Committee-United States Deposits in National Banks-Secre-tary McCuiloch's Letter - Facts Showing How the People's Money is Used.

WASHINGTON, April 24, 1868. MASHINGTON, April 24, 1968.
A little light thrown upon the operations of the Treasury ring just at this time would be productive of much good. Whatever change may take place in administration or parties, the Treasury ring remains ready to adapt itself to any political exigency, so long as it is permitted to manipulate the people's money for its own benefit. Changing one form of Government security for another, and making a fat complished monthly making secret also.

population, or to interfere with the rights or the established unstitutions of the States, but to maintain law and defend the supremacy of the Constitution with the rights and equality of the several States unimpaired. And we are happy to state that under this broad platform of justice, equality and constitution! liberty, impelled by devotion to the public good, the organization is rapidly extending throughout the State.

The Impeachment—Speech of Mr Greenbeck.

The Washington correspondent of the Cinternal Covernment and the Secretary of the Treasury to turnish a statement of "the amount of Government funds that remained on deposit in national banks, specifying the

on deposit in national banks, specifying the amount in each bank on the first day of each cinnat! Commercial pays the following high amo compliment to the effort of Mr. GROESBECK, month from the 30th of June, 1866, to the 31st of October, 1867."

On the 8th of January, after nearly five on Saturday last, one of the President's weeks delay, Mr. Secretary Mctulloch vouch-safed a reply, which, when printed, made a panphiet of thirty pages, and which he stat-ed he "believed contained the desired inform-The speech, from the first sentence to the last, was a splendid effort; undeniable in its statement, almost resistless in its logic and beautiful in its diction. No sudience has

ation."

This thirty page reply does not contain the desired information, Mr. McCulloch's belief to the contrary not with-tanding.

It specifies the amount of Government funds on deposit in each national bank without interest. from the 30th June, 1866, to 31st October, 1867, but does not give the amount of Government funds that remained on deposit in national banks, as was required by the language of the resolution.

In order to get the aggregate amount, seventeen long columns of figures, each containing some four hundred items, must be footed up, and a few small credits, not called for by the

some four hundred items, must be footed up, and a few small credits, not called for by the resolution, but which were put in the debt columns, must be omitted in the footing, or footed by themselves and twice deducted from the aggregate. So that to find by Mr. Mc-Culloch's letter the smount of Government funds deposited in national banks would require at least a week's labor of a skilled accountant.

countant.

Several guesses have been made, but I have taken the trouble to have the exact footings made for sixteen months, so that the people may first learn through the Herald what amount of their money has been placed in a few pet national banks without interest, from June 30, 1866, to October 1, 1867. The following are the exact amounts:

1866

1867

1868

1868

1868

1868

1868

1868

1868

1868

1868

July ... \$34,167,341 March . .\$26,493,338

1866

July ... \$34.167.341 March \$26,493,338

August ... 36.937,415 April ... 24,851,746

September, 22,650,960 May ... 23,286,988

October ... 31,084,405 June ... 24,937,552

November ... 27,912,177 July ... 28,113.946

December ... 24,097,503 August ... 28,389,191

1867.

September ... 24,097,503 August ... 28,389,191

1867.

September ... 21,374,516

The average deposits of the people's money in these few pet national banks, without interest, during the sixteen months above mentioned was exactly twenty-seven million two hundred and twenty-seven thousand two hundred and twenty-seven thousand two hundred and eighty-three dollars and forty-three cents (\$27,227,288 43).

The last monthly statement of the public debt shows that the people are borrowers (coin interest borrowers) to the smount of nearly two thousand million dollars, paving six per cent, in gold and exempting the principal from taxation. Taking the average premium on gold together with the exemption from tax, you find that the people are paying about thirteen per cent, interest on the bulk of their indebtedness. Yet a few favored national banks are having the use of over twenty-seven million dollars of the people's money month after month without paying a cent interest, and are loaning is back again to its owners at rates of interest best known to these who have to borrow. Was a nation ever so vilely and cheaply humbugged by barefaced chariatant?

But it is said that the poople's borrowed

But it is said that the people's borrowe

But it is said that the people's borrowed money is deposited in these national banks for safe keeping (?) and for the convenience of borrowers. Let us see.

Directly across the street opposite the Treasury Bepartment stands the First National Bank of Washington, H. D.;Cooke (of Jay Cooke & Co.). President. The above mentioned letter from the Secretary of the Treasury shows the Governmont deposits in this bank to have been as follows:

1896

1867.

July \$ 792.048 35 March 2,306.461 24 August. 704.288 23 April \$66,344 91 Sept. 616.517 47 May 513,311 40 October. 574,676 57 June 756,745 00 Nov. 2,808,838 19 July 356.390 24 Dec. 6,155,801 09 August 830,735 22 1867.

January 1,685,619 37 October 1st.1,325,140 50 Feb. 2,601,092 38 The average deposit during the sixteen months.

one million four hundred and seventy-seven thousand and eighty-six dollars and fifty-four cents (§1,477,086 54).

The amount of people's money deposited in the Corn Exchange National Bank of Philadelphia, of which United States Senator A. S. Cattell is President (unless he has recently resigned), was as follows:

every man of practical sense that the Government might just as well furnish that curvency direct and save the eighteen or twenty millions of taxation? Why should the Government give a lct of bankers that amount of money annually, when it can perform the same service just as well?

The fact is that the Treasury Department, the financial affairs of the Government, are under the control of a Treasury ring, s lot of

The Hon. JOHN HICKMAN, of Pennsyl- U. S. bonds deposited to secure MEDICAL. phia as follows:-dividual deposits ited States deposi GENUINE

PREPARATION

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"

BUCHU.

A POSITIVE AND SPECIFIC REMEF

FOR DISEASES OF THE

Dropsical Swellings

Men, Women and Children.

for weakness arising from Excesses, Habits
Dissipation, Early Indiscretions, attended
with the following symptoms.

Wash nerves,
Horror of disease,
Dimness of vision,
Hot hands,
Dryness of the skin,
Universal lassitude

muscular system

of Pallid countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which thinedicine invariably removes, soon follows

Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Pits,

In one of which the patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently fol-

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION

fany are aware of the cause of their suffering none will confess.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

Requires the aid of Medicines to strengthen are invigorats the system, which

Helmbold's Extract Buch:

INVARIABLY DOES.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICA:,

In many affections peculiar to Females

The Extract Buchul

is unequaled by any other remody, as in Chloresis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations. Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, habits of dissipation,

Decline or Change of Life.

(See symptoms above.)

Improved Rose Wash,

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu!

PHYSICIANS, PLEASE NOTICE.

PREPARED IN VACUO.

BY H. T. HELMBOLD, Practical and Analytical Chemist, and Sole Man-

AFFIDAVIT.

WM. P. HIBBERD, Alderman, Ninth street, above Race Philadelphia

H. T. HELMBOLD'S

Brug and Chemical Warehouse.

594 Broadway, New York,

OR,

Helmhold's Medical Depot.

194 South Tenth St., Philadelphia.

Beware of Counterfeits

AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS.

and the melancholy deaths by Con-

tion to exertion, Loss of power, emory, Difficulty of Bre

ving sympton

Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel an

One of these two national banks is jus across the street from the Treasury Department, and the other is within a few reds from the United States Depository. The people's the United States Depository. The people money is certainly no safer in either of the than in the United States Treasury. Accord than in the United States Treasury. Accordingly the House of Representatives, taking the sume view of the subject, passed a bill last January prohibiting the deposit of Government movey in any national bank within fifty miles. I believe, of a United States Sub-Treasury Depository.

The Senate Finance Committee referred the bill to Senator Cattell, who reported adversely thereon, virtually killing it, though it may be called up at any time. Meanwhite the people continue to pay interest on their borrowed money, and the national banks continue to have the use of a score of millions or more of it without paying a cent interest. COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT

tique to have the use of a score of militons or more of it without paying a cent interest.

Of course I believe that a Senator, like a King, "can do no wrong." But the question here suggests itself whether the presidency of a national bank ought not to incapacitate the holder thereof from holding a seal on the Senate Finance Committee while the question of withdrawing Government funds from the bank is under consideration.

Without questioning the integrity of members of Congress, who are at the same time national bank presidents or ewners, I hold it impossible for them to legislate upon this particular subject with that degree of impartiality aiways desirable; and it seems to me that a proper regard for great public interests shouldingel them to reagn positions, to say the least, so very questionable.

State Items. -The County Treasurer's safe, at Montiello, was blown open and robbed of \$200. -The wife of Henry Tillman, of Kosciusk County, recently gave birth to three healthy nearts. The distracted father is doing as well as could be expected.

-Christina Mandy, of Wells County, is insane, because her lover, Harry Nill, married -Henry Johnson, of Ladoga, lost his arm the machinery of a wool mill.

-If there are any honest men in Lafayette,

now is the time to get their dues. The radi cal editors have fallen out. -The body of Charles Hosford, who com mitted suicide by jumping from the steam cost Romeo into the raging Wabash, was found by a fisherman near Terre Haute.

-The Jeffersonville Railroad Com ers waived examination, and were held in -A sixty-three pound catfish was caught at Terre Haute.

-Erasmus Hill, of Orleans, Orange County ad a \$1,500 fire the other nay. -A Lafayette girl memorized four hundred

verses of the Scripture in a single week. She will live about a month under such treatmen -John Burd, a beautiful specimen of orni thological depravity, has been arrested in Ne Albany for obtaining money under false pre tenses, from Sarah Rice, of Bloomington He's a rice bird and a black bird.

-Walter Morgan, and infant, was killed by the cars in New Albany. -Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Sinex, pioneer ere reunited in auriferous wedlock in New Albany, a few days since.

-They are an off-hand, spoptaneous, fro was severely scalded by water thrown care lessly from an upper window.

-The Hydraulic Company, in Goshen, has again commenced operation on its extensive works with renewed energy, The race about two miles in length. The capital of vidual subscription. Five manufacturing e present season. -Isaac Butcher, a sixty year old citizen o

ass County, and an elder in the Christian Church, committed suicide by hanging. -A New Albany lady, while botanizing in the woods, mistook poisoning for maple leaves, and is swelled up considerably consequence. Next time she goes rhus-tica ting she had better take some farmer's daugh ter along with her, as botany wont do to bet on.

-The official board of the Methodist Church whereases and a string of resolutions agains Mayor Greene. into a tan vat at Richmond, and was drowned. Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unp -A four year old boy named Coyle fell -A little boy named Schell, in

ate rat poison, and died. -David Kollar, of Center Township, St. Joseph County, badly injured by a falling

-Thirty-two hundred humans, big and little, in Elkhart, according to census jus taken.

-Shook and Barret are organizing a new

In all their stages, at little expenses, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curring strictures of the Uretha, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous, diseased and worn ont matter. theatrical company in Evansville. -A fatal accident occurred in Laconia on Saturday, 18th instant, the particulars of which are as follows: Samuel Johnson, a blacksmith of that town, while shoeing a very large horse was knocked down by the animal and tramped upon and injured so severely as to cause his death on the following day. The deceased was a confirmed inebriate, and was said to be under the influence of the specificat. When iliquor at the time of the accident. When will men be wise, and forever give up the in toxicating cup, knowing that it injures health shortens life, and at the last "It biteth like

MISCEGENATION IN HARRISON COUNTY.—
Several days ago the particulars of a most revolting affair came to our knowledge, but so unnatural and disgusting were the details that we could not credit them. Yesterday, however, they were repeated to us, and we presume there is not the least doubt of their truth. We state briefly as follows:

Some months ago a well-to-do and very respectable farmer, living about one mile north of Laneaville, Harrison County, hired as a farm hand, a negro. The farmer had a daughter some eighteen or inteten years of age, and between her and the negro a warm friendship sprung up, which soon ripened into a most unnatural and criminal intimacy.

As long as it was possible for her to do so, the girl concealed the evidence of her shame and degradation; but knowing that concealment would soon be impossible, she went to her father and told him that she would in a short time become a mother, and that his hired man, the negro, was the father of the MISCEGENATION IN HARRISON COUNTY .-

hired man, the negro, was the father of the illegitimate offspring she expected to give

Upon learning these facts the father grew furious with anger, and swore he would kill both his daughter and the negro; and to this end, we are told, he procured a gun, loaded

end, we are told, he procured a gun, loaded it, and sought the opportunity to carry his threat into execution.

Fearing the result of her father's anger, the failen and degraded woman, and her negro paramour secreted themselves until night set in, and then fied together, going no one knows whither. The affair is one of the most disgraceful and hideous that has ever taken place in this section of Indiana. The parents of the girl are highly respectable. She had all the comforts of a good home, and nething short of a naturally and totally depraved nature could have induced her to commit so horrid and beastly a crime. She is probably horrid and beastly a crime. She is probably ere this, if she has any feeling left, drinking of the bitter cup of sorrow her wickedness has placed to her lips.—New Albany Commencated.

DISSOLUTION. **Notice of Dissolution**

THE undersigned have this day dissolved co partnership by mutual consent. All in debted to the firm will please call and settle im mediately.

JOHN C. DUNN, JOHN KARNEY.

Mr. John Karney will continue the Gas and Stand Pitting at the old stand, No. 70 North Illi nois street, and all persons are requested to cal on him for such work.

JOHN KARNEY. Price \$1 25 per Bottle, or Six for \$6 50 CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES, No. 46 North Pennsylvania St., (Opposite the Post Office,)

Carriages, Top Buggies, Open Buggies Sporting Wagons, Harness, (double and sinale.) Whips, Rugs, Whip Sockets, Fressed Washers, Horse Covers, Gum Aprons, Haiters, Etc.

It is my intention to keep a general Supply Store of the best goods manufactured. All I work guaranteed
I would respect
new ones, to examing elsewhere,
apr25 dIm

SALT. SALT! SALT!! W E have the agency for the sale of Kanawha and Table Salt7. Can supply Pork Packers with Coarse Salt in large barrels. Also, 200 pound barrels for the trade, by the car load or dray load, at manufacturer's prices. Also, agent for the sale of the boat Carbon, or Coal Oil. Do not buy your Salt before calling on febil dam

ANDREW VALLACE. Helmbeld's Genuine Preparations.

ASSIGNEES' SALE. HELMBOLD'S Assignees' Sale.

DRY GOODS!

In pursuance of an order of the District Court of the United States, the undersigned offer or sale the following property, belonging to the state of Jones, Hess & Davis, Bankrupts:

A large and desirable stock of Dry Goods, con-

Staple Cotton and Woolen Fabrics. Foreign and Domestic Goods Together with a full line of

FASHIONBLE DRESS GOODS. And a complete assortment of Notions and Fancy Wares

The whole consisting of a well assorted and de sirable stock for CITY AND COUNTRY TRADE Thirty-one Thousand, Eight Hun dred and Fifty Boilars, (\$31,850-)

This entire stock, together with the fixtures of the room, in the city of Indianapolis, which now contains them, are now offered for sale as an entirely, for ten days now offered for sale as an entirely, for ten days of that the sale with the stank. If a the end of that the sale with score offerer in parcels to suit dealers, for ten day from the 7th instant, and such parts as may remain unsoit at the expiration of the time, to wit on the fith day off May, will be offered to consumers at prices which will insure a speedy sale invoice and Goods may be examined by calling at No. 3 Odd Fellow's Hall.

WILLIS S. WEBB.

W. A. BRADSHAW, aprif dim

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, AUCTION AND COMMISSION Auction and Commission.

DAVIS & WRIGHT.

WM. M. DAVIS, formerly of Jones, Hess Davis, and CHARLES WRIGHT, SUCCESSORS TO

SMOCK & BRO, 88 East Washington Street,

WILL SELL Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES

THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS HATS AND CAPS, - QUEENSWARF, GLASSWARE,

> AND ALL KINTS OF NEW AND SECOND-HAND GOODS

Sales Day and Evening.

pecial Sales of Furniture and Household Goods on Wednesday and Satardays.

ALSO, Horses, Buggies, Spring Wagons

tral advances made on large lots of Merchar G. W. SMOCK & W. M. DAVIS, apri5 dlm DRY COODS.

Awake! Awake!! NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu!

AND GO TO THE

TRADE PALACE,

IT YOU WANT TO SEE THE

Largest and Cheapest

STOCK OF

DRY GOODS! Male or Female. om whatever cause originating, and no mai how long standing. Diseases of these organize the aid of a Diuretic.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu! IS THE GREAT DIURETIC. and is certain to have the desired-effect in all iseases for which it is recommended. Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicine.

WE ARE ALIVE

TO THE INTEREST OF OUR CUSTOMERS.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu! As Cheap, or Cheaper, than they composed of Buchu, Cubébs and Juniper Ber-is, selected with great care. ever Bought them in this State.

Heaps of New Goods!

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION.

OUR STOCK IS ALL NEW Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the City of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold who, being duly sworn, doth say his prepara-tions contain no narcotic, no mercury or or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable. H. T. HELMBOLD. Sworn and subscribed before me this 23d day o

And Fresh from the Mint

No Old Goods in this House.

livered to any address, securely packed from REMEMBER ervation. Address letters to

SMITH, HOWARD & CO. 26 and 28

West Washington Street, MARBLE.

JASON DAME. AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE. No. 69 East Washington street, nearly apposite

Odd Fellows' Hall, Indianapolis, Indiana,
keeps on hand and manufactures to order all
kinds of Monumental and Temb Stone Work, of
the latest designs and best patterns used. All of
which we will sell on terms to defy competition.
Give us a call.

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Samuel D. Burlock & Co., ELLIOTT, BYAN & CO. Wholesale Dealers in 927 Sansom Street, PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

MANUFACTURERS OF **PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS** Publishers,

ALBUMS, ETC.

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Pocket Bibles,

Reference Bibles. Diamond & Pearl 32 Mo. Bibles.

All sizes, styles, kinds and descriptions of Photograph Albums! At prices which compete with all.

Specialities in Styles Pecu-

liarly our Own. S. D. B. & CO.

WOULD respectfully inform the trade that they have just completed extesnive im-provements in their Manufactory, and are now prepared to furnish goods in any quantity, at low prices and short notice.

CONTRACTS TO FURNISH Printing Paper and Binding Made on the most favorable terms.

Price Lists Sent on Application.

DRY COODS.

HEAD QUARTERS ODS

NITHE A STATE JINDIANA

NEW YORK STORE GLENNS'BLOCK

MACHINE WORKS. C. A. Greenleat.
J. L. Mothershead.

Perfect Corset! City Machine Works.

GREENLEAF & CO.,

MACHINISTS' TOOLS.

STRAIGHTENING MACHINES.

Rolling Mill Machinery,

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MACHINE WORKS.

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the building and repairing of Woodworking Machines of all descriptions.

We want it distinctly understood we make a speciality of this class of work.

MOLDING BITS

Bed Irons and Light Castings of all kinds, outh brass and iron. A constant supply of Brass Fixtures constantly in hand.

PROFESSIONAL. Extraordinary Success.

inches in and vicinity.

Persons desiring treatment may consult us at purefice and residence. 162 Virginia avenue, or by letter enclosing two red stamps.

DR. L. D. HARLAN.

STAR PUMP.

E. HASKET & CO.. Pump Makers,

m be promptly filled.

Frumps sent to every part of the State.

All Pumps will be warranted one year.

E. HASKET & CO. SCALES. Fairbank's Standard Scales.

OF Wall GALLIP. General Agent. No. 74 West Wash. St.

Liquors, Tobacco AND CIGARS, No. 48 South Meridian Street, jan 30 3m INDIANAPOLIS.

COBURN & JONES, Dealers in LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, INE, OAK, ASH, AND POPLAR FLOORING Yard north of Terre Haute Depot

apr7d3m&S INDIANAPOLIS. B. V. ENOS. ARCHITECT And Superintendent, apr2 d3m INDIANAPOLIS, INI

COLD PENS.

The Pen is Mightler than the Swore MORTON'S GOLD PEN DO NOT WEAR OUT.

A SINGLE ONE WILL LAST A LIFETIME BY THEIR USE THE LABOR OF WRITING IS REDUCED. Greater Uniformity is Obtained. Ease, Elegance und Beauty are acquired. BOONOMY, PLEASURS AND PROFIT CONSULTER. The Best, Cheapest and most Durable Inst.

SENT BY MAIL SAFELY. Prices, Fifty Cents and upward

ments for Writing ever used.

NO TRAVELING AGENTS EMPLOYED Call and you will find Peas exactly adapted to your hand and style of writing; or enclose stamp for circular. A. MORTON,

BANKERS. BRIGHT & CO.. BANKERS AND BROKERS 19 New Street, New York.

Entrance, 64 Broadway. Postoffice Box, 5,500.

MICHAEL S. BRIGHT, General Partner.
FRANCIS E. SUIRE, Cincncionati, O., (Special OVERTON A. FITCH, Madison, Ind.) Partners
FEARCES Exchange, Stocks and Gold bought and sold on Commission. Deposits received and interest allowed on daily balances.

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38 East Washington St. J. B. RITZINGER, (FORMERLY OF FLETCHER'S BANK,) Will do a General Banking Business, buy an sell Exchange, Gold, Silver, and Governmen Securieties.

Deposits received in sums of One Dollar and upwards, and interest allowed on time deposits.

REFERS TO:

Fletchers' Bank. Stoughton A. Fletcher, St mar 6 d3m CORSETS. TRADE PALACE

THOMSON'S Patent "Glove-Fitting," THE ONLY

COMBINES DURABILITY.

AND Elegance of Shape. IT IS The Most Popular Corset IN THE AMERICAN MARKET.

"Trade Palace," sole agents for Indianapolis CLOAK BAZAAR. Dress and Cloak Bazaar.

SMITH, HOWARD & CO.,

MADAME DAVIS, TORMELY of Louisville, Kentucky, has opened her Dress and Cloak Rooms over Valentine's Hoop Sairt Store, where she will do all work entrusted to her care, in first class tyle. Ladies give me a call before going elsewhere. Five girls wanted.

apr 3dm

PROFESSIONAL. GERMAN PHYSICIAN. DR. LOEPER, SR., who has an experience of Prussia, offers his services to the Kingdom of dianapolis. Office and residence, 188 East Wash-ington street. Office hours from ten to twelve A. M., and at all hours in the evening.

Ever Shown in Indianapolis, NOTIONS, ETC. CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

1.000 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, eighty-four different styles, from \$2 to \$30, made to our order from six of the largest facto-ries in the Union. A visit to our Carriage Hall is respectfully solicited. CHARLES MAYER & CO., 29 West Washington street.

Base Ball and Croquet Emporium. DRY GOODS REGULATION BALLS—as Ross, Eagle, Atlantic—Bases, Bats, Belts, Spikes, Croquets. A large variety, also, Orthographic Croquets, Grace Hoops, Foot Balls, Jumping Ropes, Rolling Hoops, wholesale and retail, by CHARLES MAYER & CO., 29 West Washington street.

Fishing Tackle--Seins. de Rods, Reels, (brass and silvery, Silk, Linen, Cotton, Chinese and Japanese Poles, Joint Cotton, Chinese and Japanese Lines, Minnow Seins and Nots-Seins from 10 to 100 yards-Fish, Hooks, a very large assortment of our own importation, Spoon Baits, Floats; Firmtshed Lines, a very large stock, wholesale an retail, by CHARLES MAYER & CO., apr18 d3m No. 29 West Washington street.

FANCY COODS, ETC. CHARLES MAYER & CO., 29 West Washington Street, Importer and Bealer, Wholesale and Retail, in TOYS, NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS, ADIES' TRAVELING BASKETS, MOROCCO
Traveling Bags, Porte Monnaics and Wallets of the latest and best styles; Walking Canes,
a very large and fine selection; Pocket Cutilery,
of extra fine quality; Perfumery, Soaps, Comba,
Brashes, Accordeons, Violin and Guitar Strings,
Bird Cages, Drums, Fings, of all sizes, Page
Lanterns, Fire Works, Slates and Stationery Articles.

RESTAURANT. John A. Lehrrit C. LEHRRITTER & CO., CAPITAL SALOON

AND RESTAURANT. No. 14 East Washington Street, (Martin Hug's old stand.)

HAVING fitted up the Capital at g ticularly invite the jubble to give us a call, as w intend to keep our flar well stocked with the bea Liquors, wine, ale, (igars, etc., and our Restau rant well supplied with the very best the marke affords. In fact we intend to keep a first class house, and give satisfaction to our patrons.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK. Indianapolis, April 21, 1868. At a meeting of the Common Council of the city of Indianapolis, held on the 18th day of April, 1888, the following motion was adopted. By order of the Common Council.

That the Mayor and City Marshall be directed to issue their proclamation preventing agreed to issue their proclamation preventing agree.

25 WAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK

Entrance, 64 Broadway. Postoffice Box, 5,500. SAVINGS BANK,

> connection with any other establish the same name, in or out of Indianapolis W. & H. GLENN. Proprietors W. &. H. GLENN, Proprietors.

Power Punches and Shears. and Castings Made to Order,

Indianapolis, Ind. B. F. HETHERINGTON & CO.,

241 South Pennsylvania Street,

Of all descriptions, both flat and round. Man-ufacturers and Repairers of STEAM GAUGES.

PARALYSIS, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Spasms, Weak Chests, Spinal Affections, General Debility, Dropsy, Obstructed Menstruation, and Diseases of a thyonic nature generally, especially such as are occasioned by

Have been effected by the new treatment. We take pleasure, in proof of this, to refer to the following cases treated by the use of our Equalizers within the past eighteen months:

Dr. William Johnson, of Moorree, Michigan: paralysis of the left side; cured in two months.

Dr. J. M. Ferree, of this city; neuralgia and paralysis of the right hip and lower himb; cured in four weeks. paralysis of the right hip and lower limb; cured in four weeks.

T. J. Davis. of this city; paralysis of the right.

T. J. Davis. of this city; paralysis of the right side, with loss of speech; cured in four weeks.

William Wilcox, of this city; paralysis of the laft side; curred in three weeks.

Besides the above, there are numerous cases of Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and kindred diseases, we have treated with a success hither to unknown in the history of diseases in this city and vicinity.

PUMPS.

WOULD say that they have their shop located at a kno. 266 East Washington street, and are prepared to de Pump Work on short notice. Every one wishing work done, and can't lose the time to call at the shop, an order through the post office will be prompby filled.

Obstructions in the Circulation of WONDERFUL CURES

Advertisements inserted a longer time than three months will be charged proportional to the three months scale.

Local notices, six lines and under, \$1 00; more than six lines, and less than ten, \$1 50; over ten lines, 15 cents per line each insertion.

All transiont and decasional advertisements and local notices must be paid for in advance. Marriage notices, \$1. Funeral notices, \$1.

Aivertisements discontinued before expiration of contract will be charged for the time inserted according to the above rates.

THE WEEKLY SENTINEL Is published every Wednesday, at \$2 00 per annum, in a lyance.

2027 No paper sent without the money, nor on inued a longer time than paid for.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

COVINGTON.

The Keating-Holliwood Prize Fight-Keating Breaks his wrist on Third Bound-Holliwood Deciared Victor-incidents-Etc. COVINGTON, KY., Monday, April 27.
As carly as half-past five o'clock there were copie at the foot of Fifth street, and at the people at the foot of this sheet, looking anxiously opposite point on this sheet, looking anxiously for the expected boat. At seven cyclock, shout one hundred and fifty persons had assembled on this side, when a whistle was heard up the river, and the tow boat

was heard up the river, and the tow boat, Uncle Sam, appeared, having a large covered barge in tow. Parties appeared with the ropes and stakes, which were put on board, and the party got on board. There were over one hundred and fifty people.

The scarcity of five dollar notes, the price of passage, among the class who delightin prize fights, accounts for the small number.

The boat, at about nine o'clock, received the cheers of a lot of newsboys assembled on the bank, and a voiley of stones from several boys and men, who had not the required five dollars, and therefore could not get aboard.

One man, in particular, threw off his coat and threw stones at the barge with rapidity and viger for a time, driving the passengers under cover.

Some one discharged three barrels of a revolver at him, when he retreated.

Some one discharged three sales of a levely of the him, when he retreated.

It was a very orderly crowd indeed, very few of the lower order of roughs being on The newspapers were all represented by reporture, and there was a fair proportion of respectable citizens of Cincinnati, Covington, and Newport.

The managers were greatly disappointed

The mansgers were greatly disappointed in the number on board, anticipating a crowd of eight hundred or one thousand people.

The excursion was a failure so far as money was concerned, hardly money enough being taken to pay expenses.

A number of hacks and buggles, containing people, drove down the road, keeping along with the bost, not knowing where the fight was to take place. A steamboat yacht and several row boats went down, and a crowd of boys took it on foot.

As we were approaching the Buckeye House, a party was seen on the Kentucky side signaling with a pocket handkerchief. They proved to be Holliwood and his trainer, Bob Smith, of Bermingbam, Eogland, who were taken on board. Holliwood was looking cheerful.

ful.

At Taylorsport, Kentucky, we took on Keating and his trainer, Pat Lanjan, the men who selected the ground, and several others. Reating appeared to be in a plendid condition, with capital spirits. Everything passed off quietly during the passage, sithough the beer kers were put under frequent contributions. The day was splendidly clear, neither too warm nor too cold. There was much speculating as to the issue of the fight, and but higher; Missouries, 87%; new Tennessee, 67%, 150 CSE\$1; Porto Rice, 70c; choice syrups, \$1 162
115; medium, 75:2850; common, \$50.

LEATHER—Trade has been very good, and prices are firm and steady at a slight advance. 1802 and old 1805 coupons, and a large business was done in nearly all the others for home insecting appearance of the fight, and business of the fight, and business of the listing appearance of the fight, and business of the fight and busine

ting as to the issue of the fight, and but he betting.

It was considered by many that Holliwood as in the best condition, as his face was refree from flesh than Keating's. The partial form of the form flesh than Keating's. The partial form is above the mouth of the Big Mami, about stabove the mouth of the Big Mami, about wenty miles below Covington, at eleven clock, and the party proceeded to a grove a clock, and the party proceeded to a grove a clock, and the party proceeded to a grove a clock, and the party proceeded to a grove a clock, and the party proceeded to a grove a clock at 5. Report also says that the capital stock of the Central is to be doubled, and the bonded debt canceled. The improvement is marked in Toledo, Fort Wayne, Northwestern preferred, and Chicon and Alton. The market closed active, with hat into the ring, quickly followed the closing prices of Governments in the capital stock of the Central sto arew his hat into the ring, quickly followed y Keating's castor. The choice of ground was won by Holliwood. Bolly Lowis was ap-dented referee, and Eph. Holland unpire for

pointed referee, and Eph. Holland umpire for Holliwood, and Jack Cauley for Keating. Keating's colors were red, white, and blue, with a sunburst in the center. Holliwood's colors were a bird's eye handkerchief, with a pink border, Both men stripped spiendidly, and each appeared confident and cheerful. After shaking hands, the men went to their corners, and at the call of time stepped promptly to the scratch, closely watched by their seconds. Time was called at seven minutes past twelve o'clock.

Round One—Sparring for an opening; Holliwood cautious; coy of open the ball. Holliwood claimed the first blood. A struggle and Holliwood bore Kesting upon his knees to Time, three minntes.
Round Two-Hollwood cool and cautious, and on the defensive. Keating forced the fight, following Holliwood to his corner, and

attin a left hander on the body. After truggle Helliwood went down on his knees ute and three quarters. thound Three—The sparring was cautious, the struck, Holliwood putting in a left inder. Several blows were struck, when bliwood went down and Keating fell on n.

A convention of radical editors of Missouri is to be held here on the first of May, to effect a more thorough political organization for the coming campaign.

United States Senator Charles D. Drake publishes an address to the radicals of Missouri, in which he takes strong and earnest grounds in favor of impartial suffrage, and urges a more thorough and complete organization of the parts throughout the State. Urges a more thorough and complete organization of the party throughout the State.

Hon. Henry T. Blow, in a letter to Judge Warmoth, of Rolls, declines to become a candidate for Governor, and gives his views in regard to the platform that the Republicans ought to adopt in the approaching State Cambalan.

paign.

The meeting of the Protestant Episcopal mission met at Christ Church, in this city, this morning. Several Dishops and quite a large number of delegates from abroad were present. Rev. Dr. Benjamin J. Haight, of New York, presided over the convention.

A dispatch from Casyonae says that the stables of Company I, Second Cavalry, were destroyed by fire on Saturday, together with sixty-five horses. Loss about \$15,000.

NEW YORK.

Southern Election-The Eric Ques-An Atlanta special to the Tribune says:
Semi-official statements from thirty-four counties give 4,500 majority for the constitution, and 3,000 majority for Bullock. Full official returns will not be received before next. Friday. The judges, who are thoroughly competent to give an opinion, now estimate that the constitution has been carried by at least 1,000 majority, and that Bullock is chosen for

Governor by 5,000.

It is probable that a majority of Democrats have been chosen to the Legislature, but it remains to be seen whether enough of them can take the oath to make a quorum.

The Eric Directors went to Boaton on Saturday last

The Erre Directors went to Boalon on Sat-urday last.

It is said that the funds of the company in bank at Jersey City are so hypothecated that they can not be drawn by them without the consent of the Board of Directors.

Hon. Jonathan E. Field, brother to Cyrus, died suddenly on the 22d, at Stockbridge, Massachusetts.

PITTSBURG.

Pertructive Fire in Alleghamey City.

PITTEBURG, PENN., Monday, April 27.

A destructive five occurred at Allegheny
City yesterday. Sike's tannery was entirely
destroyed. Loss \$30,000, insurance \$20,000.

About teamty men were engaged in throwing leather cut of the third story, when a
couple of barrels of fish oil in the lower story.

Look five and exploded, exusing a panic among
the men, and several of the men lesped from
the windows. Heary Kreifing and Lewis
Knok were seriously injured, and are others
were badly injured but they will recover. Destructive Fire in Alleghancy City

BY CABLEE.

Financial and Commercial.

RALEIGH.

Election Beturns, RALEIGH. Monday, April 26.

The Tribune's special says the thirty-six countles that have been heard from give the Republicans 15.000 majority in the First Congressional District.

Mr. Teacher's majority is 6,000.

ALBANY.

Opening of Canal Navigation. ALDANY, Monday, April 27.

Canal mavigation has opened unter favorable auspices, the weather being pleasant and the canal at this end in a fair condition. All the loaded boats, which were frozen in last fall between this city and Schenect day, will reach the river to-day.

CANAJAHARIE. Rotel Burned. CANAJAHARIE, N. Y., Monday, April 27.
The United States Hotel, at Sharon Springs,
was burned on Saturday. Loss, \$30,000; in-

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

INDIANAPOLIS, MONDAY EVENING, April 27, 1888. The following are the quotations of Govern

	1965 1.09 1 1.07 1 1.07 1 1.07 1 1.07 1 1.07 1 1.07 1 1.07 1 1.07 1 1.09 1 1.00 1 1 1.00 1 1 1.00 1 1 1 1	1.10% 1.08% 1.09% 1.07% 1.07%
: :	1865 1.09 % 1867 1.07 % 10-40's 1.68 % 7-30's, 2d series 1.06%	1.083 1.09 ¼ 1.073
: :	" " 18651.09% " " 18671.07%	1.083
	" " 18651.09%	
	" " 1865 1 09 4	1.10%
** **	" " 1864 1.09 %	1.103
United States	5-20's " 1862 1.11%	1.135

MONEY—Easy, with but a moderate demand; freely met at 6@7 per cent. on call; banks are discounting to customers at 7 per ceat, and on the street the best mercantile paper passes at 7 @8 per cent.

STERLING—Dull at 9%## 10.

GOLD—Opened heavy at \$1 38%, but strengthened to \$1 38%, falling again to \$1 38%, and closing at \$1 38% ## 138

Missouries, 87%; new Tennessee, 67%,

ment securities, as compared with the three pre ceding days:

6 per cent. 1881. 5-20's, 1st series. 5-20's, 2d series. 5-20's, 3d series. 5-20's, new. 5-20's, 5th series. 10.40's erchants' Union .. American United States..... Wells, Fargo & Co. spts at the Sub-Treasury, \$3,789,904; pay-

Weekly Heview of the Wholesale Market. Market.

We note in the general markets considerable activity, and an increase in the volume of trade. There is also discoverable a more buoyant feeling pervading commercial circles, and dealers

generally are driving a fair spring business.

Notwithstanding flour for some time past has been very quiet, last week was an exception, and a very active demand was the rule. Dealers are anticipating a heavy advance ere long. Prices, however, have undergone no material

market the past week, but in prices there has been no considerable variableness. Our canal mills are again in operation, although only to a The receipts of corn have been light, with lit-tic or no speculative inquiry, and most of the offerings were taken on local account. We note

A Convention of Radical Editors of Missouri-Senator Brake on Negro Suffrage-Hon. H. T. How Declines Bring a Candidate for Governor-Ltc. Oats have been quiet, and in absence of sales, quotations and the tone of the market are diffiult te obtain.

Rye has experienced not the slightest change. There is a firm market for barley, and some small lots found sale.

The provision trade has not abated one jot of the activity which has been its distinguishing teathfo for several weeks, and orders, if anything, are increasing in magnitude, and prices fully maintained, and in some instances higher rates are obtained, and the tendency of the mar-ket is decidedly upward. Holders of mess pork are very firm in their views, and condient, while buyers are rather disposed to hold back for

There was a good demand for choice samples of imothy seed, but offerings of such were light.

ther kinds were moderately active.

The market for country produce has been quite animated, and an almost endless quantity of every variety of green "track" is offering. Eggs are still in very liberal supply. There is a sight increase in the receipts of butter, but the denand continues so very active that the wants of

mand continues so very active that the wants of the trade can not be supplied.

With a firm market, there is a very large trade doing in groceries, and in all the different arti-cles business is looking up. Sugars have been firm and in good demand, with pretty full stocks. A further advance is anticipated. There is a good demand, both for speculation and con-sumption. Coffee has an upward tendency, and sumption. Conce has an apward sendency, and we predict higher quotations in our next report. Buyers are disposed to take hold freely. The advance in gold—by which this article is entirely governed—has caused a decided firmness. Choice grades are still very scarce, while the stocks of indifferent qualities are full.

A very heavy trade has been done in dry goods during the week. At present quotations nerchants take hold pretty freely. With the aw material at 63% c. domestic cottons are not itsely to decline. The market is firm. The likely to decline. The market is firm. The stocks are ample and well assorted. Prices are well up, with a tendency to still further advance, in sympathy with the raw material.

FLOUR—Is in fair demand. We quote:

BALE ROPE-There has been no considerable nquiry during the week. We quote: Hemp, in cel, 20@2ic.; jute, 20c.; manilla, \$4\$25c.; hemp, sed cords, \$3; manilla do., \$3; broom swine, 30@

Sitem And State of these commodities was fairly active at a slight decline. Star, 1800 1801; streamer pressed, 1840 170.

CHEESE—The market was pretty lively, and CHEESE—The market was pretty lively, and CHEESE—The market was pretty lively, and prices firm and steady. Western Réserve, 15c.; Hamburg, 16a.; Factory, 17@17/4c.

CEMENY—53 per barrél.

COFFEE—The advance in gold has given a decided firmness to the market, and indications are favorable to advanced rates. Choice grades as in your market. We quote: Rio, fair, 22%

are favorable to advanced rates. Choice grades are still very scarce. We quote: Rio, fair, 23% \$23c.; prime, 24324;c.; choice, 2525;c.; Laguayra, 2525;c.; Java, 37637;c.

DRY GOODS—Trade during the week has been very large, and at present questions merchants are free to take hold. Prices are well up, with a tendency to still further advance, in symmetry

PRINTS. American 12% Richmond.
Spragues 13% Merrimack "D"
Merrimack "W" 14% Lancaster
Arnolds 11% Troys 9
Briggs.
Wamsutta. BLEACHED MUSLINS.
 New York Mills
 .30
 Lonsdale
 .91

 4-4 Hills
 .90
 Rosedale
 .18

 Riverdale
 .16
 Chapman "X"
 .15

 Barnsley
 .12
 Fortsmouth "N"
 .11
 BROWN SHEETINGS.18 | Stark "A"... TICKING.

STRIPES. GINGHAMS. ..12½ | City Trade. ..18 | Lancaster... COLORED CAMBRICS.8% | Victory..... Washington

.....35 | No. 3..... COTTON YARNS. GRAIN SACKS.

stocks large. There is still a good shipping de-mand. We quote 15c. as the shipping price for FEATHERS—In active demand, and higher, at 73@75c. for prime live geese.
FRUITS—There is a fair local demand, and green fruits are very firm, especially apples and oranges, which will probably a vance in a short time. We quoie:

GREEN FRUITS. DRIED PRUITS. Dried Apples
Pealed Peaches
Unpealed Peaches, halves
Raisins; Layers, new crop
M. R. Turkish Prunes, per pound.
French
Peaches, 2 pound caps.... lmonds, hard shelled, per lb. lmonds, soft, do do uts, per 100 FISH-Trade was fairly active, and prices

FISH—Trade was fairly active, lower. We quote:
White, half barrel.
White, kits
Mackerel, No. 1, half barrel.
Mackerel, No. 1, half barrel, large.
Mackerel, in kits, No. 1.
Mackerel, in kits, No. 2, large.

HIDES-There was not much activity in the market, and we continue our quotations : OILS-

Tanners'. 50
Banks'.... 55
Linseed Oil... 190
Extra engine. 1 00@ 15
No. 1 car oil... 75@ 80
Machinery oil. 60@ 65
Carbon oil... 55@ 65
Kefined coal oil. 43@ 45
Henzole... 20@ 25 ONION SETS-\$6 00 per bushel.

LATH-\$3 10 per 1,000. ing throughout the week, and prices well sus-tained; in many instances higher rates were realized. From Messrs. Lesh & Tousey, produc and general commission merchants, No. 43 South Delaware street, we receive the following

Pork-New mess, \$27@27 50; old mess, if there Bulk Meats-12c. for shoulders; 14c. for ribbed sides; 15%@16c. for clear sides.

Bacon—Shoulders, 13@13%c.; ribbed sides, 15c.; clear ribbed, 16%c; clear sides, 17%c.;

breakfast bacon, 17%@18c. Lard-17% 18c. Hams-Plain, 17% 18c.; sugar cured, 18@19c. SALT-Unchanged. Lake, \$3 10@3 15; Kanwha, \$3 10@3 15. POTATOES-There is a fair local, and some

Michigan, \$1 30.

RAGS-Lower, and a good trade doing at 4 to SUGAR-The market was somewhat firm, and on refined grades prices exhibited something of an upward tendency. We quote: Hard refined.... Yellow

at 11c. TIN PLATE-. C. 10-14.... . C. Roofing . X. 10-14....

WOODEN WARE-We quote: No. 1 tubs, pe dozen, \$13 50; No, \$ do., \$12; No. \$ do., \$11; No. 1 churns, common, per dozen, \$13 50; No. 2 do. \$12; No. 3 do., \$11; No. 1 cedar do., \$15; No. 2 de. da, \$14; No. 3 do. do., \$13. Half bushel measures, \$6@8 50; B and G buckets, \$2 50@2 75; keelers, five in nest, \$2; meal solves, do., \$3@

WOOL-Dull. We quote: Fleece washed, 30c. sight pressed; loose time

On and after April 14, 1868, and until changes with or without notice, the following rates will be charged:

FROM INDIANAPOLAS. Class. 100 lbs. TO M Cl. 184 Cl. 196 Per | \$1 90 \$1 55 \$1 05 \$0 65 \$1 30 | 1 80 1 45 1 00 60 1 20 | 1 70 1 85 95 55 1 10 | 1 60 1 25 90 50 1 00

Corn in bulk will be charged 80 cents per 100 lbs. to Jersey City, and 85 cents per 100 lbs. to

New York Cartle Market.

New York Market.

New York Mondey, April 27.
Cottou—Opened rather more steady, closing quies at about previous prices; sales of 4.200 bales at 33@33½c. for middling uplands, chiefly 33c. closing quiet at that price.
Flour—Receipts, 4.315 barrels; market dull and prices without change; common drooping; sales of 8.400 barrels. California flour quiet and unchanged; sales of 550 sacks.

Byo Flour—Firmer; sales of 450 barrels at \$8.50@10.

Whisky-Nominal. Wheat-Receipts, 4,500 bushels; market firm

2 spring denyered; \$2 at for No. 2 spars; arrive; \$3 15 for white Unifornia affoat; \$3 25 for white Michigan.

Ree—Steady; sales of 800 bushels State at \$2 28, and 5,200 bushels unsound ditto at \$2 20.

Barley—Quiet; sales of 2,500 bushels Canda West at \$2 25.

Barley Mait—Steady; sales of 2,500 bushels State at \$2 22.

Corn—Receipts, 26,540 bushels; market dull, heavy, and 1628.c lower; sales of 48,000 bushels at \$1 1161 162/c for new mixed Western affoat; \$4 165/61 171/c for small parcels of choice ditto; \$1 16 for old ditto in store, and \$1 1461 16 for white Western and Southern Oats—Receipts, 6,000 bushels; market dull; sales of 27,000 bushels at \$56/85 1/c. for Western at railroad depot, and 80/2/c. ditto affoat. Stock in Warehouse—Wheat, 385,087 bushels; cont., 1062 867 bushels; oats, 588.007 bushels; mait, 4,797 bushels; peas, 227 bushels.

Rice—Quiet.

C. fice—Firm.

Surar—Steady; sales of 500 hogsheads Cuba at 10%@12c.

Molasses—Steady; sales of 100 hogsheads at 485. for Cubs, and 70c. for Porto Rico.

Hops—Quiet.

Petroleum—Steady at 12%c, for crude, and

48c. for Cubs, and 70c. for Porto Rico.

Hops—Quiet.
Petroleum—Steady at 12½c. for crude, and 27½c. for refined in bond.

Fork—Opened firmer, but closed dull and lower: sales of 3,000 borrels as \$28 50@29 10 for new mess, closing at \$25 cash; \$27 37 @27 75 for old mess, closing at \$27 50 cash; \$28@23 50 for prime mess; also 1,250 barrels new mess at \$29 £ 29.37 at sellers' option for June delivery.

Bed—Steady; sales of 450 barrels at \$15@ 20 50 for new plain mess, and \$24 75 for new extra mess; also 160 tierces at \$46@35 50 for prime mess; \$41@43 50 for India mess.

Bed Hamis—Nominal.

Cut Meats—Steady; sales of 170 packages at 13@13½c. for shoulders; 17@18½c. for hams; indidies quiet and firm; sales of 40 boxes of long clear at 16½c.

Lard—Quiet and steady; sales of 560 barrels at 18@18½c.

Butter-Quiet; sales at 20@40c, for Ohlo, and 50@53e. for State.

Cheese—Firm; sales at 13@17c.

Freights to Liverpool—Uachanged.

LATEST MARKET—FIVE P. M.

Flour—Market closed dull and heavy for low grades; steady for medium and good grades.

Wheat—Steady, with only a limited supply and moderate export demand.

Rys—Irregular and unsettled; retail sales at \$2 25@2 28.

Oats—Dull at 84½@85c. for Western in store. LATEST MARKET-FIVE P. M.

Osts—Dull at 84½@85c. for Western in store.

Corn—Heavy at \$1 13@1 16 for new mixed Western afloat; \$1 15@1 15½ for old mixed Western in store.

Pork—Quiet; sales of 250 barrels of new mess at \$25 50 for cash; 25 barrels at buyers' option May 15 delivery at \$29.

Beef—Steady with a moderate demand.

Cut Meats—Firm with fair inquiry. Beef-Steady with a moderate deman Cut Meats-Firm with fair inquiry. Bacon—Quiet and unchanged.

Lard—Quiet at 18½ @18½ c. for fair to prime team and kettle rendered.

Egge—Moderately active at 23@24c.

CHICAGO, Monday, April 26.
Flour-Steady and unchanged; sales at \$9@

Beef Cattle-Duil at \$7@8 90 for fair to ex-

Beef Cattle—Dull at \$7.@3 90 for fair to extra steers.

Receipts for the past forty-eight hours—Flour, 9 386 barrels; wheat, 19,573 bushels; corn, 17,780 bushels; live hogs, 1,298 head.

Shipments—Flour, 10,786 barrels; wheat, 13,450 bushels; corn, 37,873 bushels; costs, 311 bushels; live hogs, 2,380 head.

Freights—Dull; 71/4c. for corn, and 5c. for extra to Buffalo.

Cincinnati Market.

Hay-Firm; sales at \$12@15. Linseed Oil-In better demand; sales at

Gold-Buying, \$1 3834; selling, \$1 3614. Weather clear and pleasant.

Toledo Market.
Toledo, Monday, April 26.
Flour-Receipts, 223 barrels; the market Flour-Receipts, 2,400 bushels; market 1c. lower; sales of amber at \$2.70.

Corn-Receipts, 15,280 bushels; market ½c. lower; sales of No. 1 at 91c.; yellow, 94c.; No. 1. buyers' option, for this month's delivery, at 91c.; sellers' option, for June delivery, at 91c. Oats-Receipts, 600 bushels; market firm sed 1c. better; sales at 72c. for No. 1.

Rye-Scarce.
Seeds-Dull.

Lake Freights-4c. on coin to Buffalo; 8c.

Lake Freights-4c. on coin to Baffalo; 8c. Lake Freights—5c. Ct.

to Oswego.

Receipts—Flour, 16.522 barrels; wheat, 11.739 bushels; corn, 120,739 bushels; oats, 18,727 bushels; ryc, 049 bushels.

Shipments—Flour, 16,780 barrels; wheat, 27,321 bushels; corn, 300,818 bushels; oats, 38;

Oleveland Market.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, Monday, April 27.
Flour—Market firm and steady sales of XX spring at \$10@12 50; XX red winter at \$12 @13; XXX white at \$13 50@15 50.
Wheat—Firmer and better; No. 1 red winter h nd at \$2 70; No. 2 ditto at \$2 55@ 2 60; No. 1 Milwawkee spring at \$2 40.
Corn—Demand for parcels on spot light and nominal at 97@96c. for No. 1 shelled; sales at 94c. sellers' option, all May delivery.
Oats—Very firm and better; No. 1 State held at 76@77c. from store.
Rye—Nominal.
Barley—There is considerable inquiry from maisters, but none offering.
Petroleum—Firm and active for bonded at 22@23c.; free in moderate request at 32@33c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, Monday, April 27.
Tobacco-Sales of 89 hogsheads leafat \$5 25

(318 25 for lugs to medium.
Cetton—Sales at 30@31c.
Flour—Superfine sold at \$8 75@9 25.
Wheat—Sales at \$2 60@2 05.
Oats—Sales at \$2 60@2 05.
Corn—Sales of shelled and car at 87@90c.
Ryc—Sales at \$2 12@2 15.
Lard—Sales at 18% (318½c.
Mess Pork—Sales at \$28 25@28 50.
Bacon—Sales of shoulders at 14c.; clear rib sides at 17@17%c., and clear sides at 17@18c.
Whisky—Dull and nominal.
River failing, with eight feet seven inches in the canal. Weather clear and warm. Louisville Market

New York Dry Goods Market. New York, Monday, April 26.

The dry gooods market is rather active and The dry goods market is rainer active and steady.

The best makes of heavy brown sheetings are steady and firm at 18@18½c. for Laurel D., Appleton A., Indian Head, and Atlantic A.; 11½c. for Newmarket R. R. and Wachusetts; 16½c. for Broadway, Wellington A. A., and Augusta; 15½c. for Atlantic V.

Shirting—14½c. for Miller River A.; 14½c. for Pepperell O.; 18½c. for ditto Pepperell N., and 9½c. for Portemouth P.

Prints are steady at 14@16c. for all standard makes, and delaines at 18c.

MILWAUKER, Monday, April 27.
Flour-Quiet but firm; sales of spring exras at \$10@10 75; choice country brands at \$95@10. tras as situde to it is of the second of the

INDIANAPOLIS.

Philindelphia Market.

PHILADERPATA, Monday, April 27.
Clover Seed—Nominal at \$5 5006.
Petroleum—Firm; sales of crude at 17@
1746; reinged in bond, 25%c.
Flour—Dull and unchanged.
Wheat—Stock mail with a similed demand;
sales of red at \$3; white, 33 20@3 25.

Rya—Sales at \$3 10@2 15.
Corn—Dull; sales of mixed Western at \$1 21@1 23.
Outs—Dull; sales of mixed Western at \$1 21@1 23.
Cots—Dull; sales of mixed Western at \$1 21@1 23.
Lard—Sales at 190. Buffalo Cattle Market,

BUFFALO, Monday, April 37.

More restile were received at the Buffal
Live Stock Yards on Saturday, than ever be
fore known. Since Fridsy last the receipt
have been 445 car leads of 7,565 head.

INSURANCE. H. C. MARTIN. H; C. HOPKING. J. B. FOLLET MARTIN, HOPKINS & FOLLETT, Represent the following

Insurance Companies,

A ND are prepared to Insure desirable Property

van. 'must wait! frame wel Ins. Co. of North America. OF PHILADELPHIA.

to taitedie wid . Continental Insurance Comp'y, OF NEW YORK.

International Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK.

Yonkers and N. York Ins. Co.,

OF CINCINNATI.

Merchants' Insurance Comp'y, OF OHICAGO, ILL.

Flour—Steady and unchanged; sales at \$0@
11 20 for spring extras.

Wheat—Unsettled and irregular; sales of No. 1 at \$2.20; No. 2 opened at \$2.10, advanced to \$2.18, and closed quiet at \$2.11; No. 2 firm at \$2.13 bid.

Corn—Quiet and 13@23%c.lower; sales of No. 1 at \$1%@855%c.; No. 2, 82%c.; new, \$2%@83%c.; rejected, \$0@81%c., closing at 85c. for No. 1; 81%c, for new.

Oats—Duit-and steady; sales at 62c. for regular; 62%@62%c. for fresh receipts, closing at inside rate.

Rye—Duil; sales of No. 1 in store at \$1.90.

Barley—Inactive and nominal.

Provisions—Firm.

Mess Pork—Held firmer at \$28.50; sales of country at \$28.

INSURANCE COMP'Y. apr24 d3m,3dp,topcol,nexttocommercial ASTROLOGY.

ASTROLOGIST AND DOCTRESS Of the Nineteenth Century. MADAM ROSS, from En, land, is the greatest Astrologist now in America.

Her skill by thousands has been tried,
And thousands ane will meet,
For in Astrology Madam Ross you can confide,
At No Si West Ohio street.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati Market.

Flour—Firm, without change in prices; sales of family at \$11 50.

Whest—Heid more firmly, but demand not eactive; sales of winter red at \$2 65@2 70.

Corn—Light supply and good demand; sales at \$12030. [or ear; shelled is held at 94@35c.

Outs—Firm; sales at 79@30c. for No. 1; no sellers below the latter rate at the close.

Rye—Opened dull and closed firmer under light receipts, holders asking \$2 05@2 10.

Barley—Unchanged and quiet.
Tobacco—Unchanged and firm.
Cotton—Middling upland is held at 31c., and but little doing.
Provisions—Market generally buoyant.
Butter—Steed; sales at 35@40c.

Ryes—In good demand; sales at 21c.
Potatoes—Firm; sales at \$1 40 per bushel.
Clover Seed—Dull; sales at 10c. per pound.
Timothy Seed—Dull; sales at \$2 22 23 per bushel.
Fiax Seed—Sales at \$2 25@2 30.

Hay—Firm; sales at \$12@15.
Linseed Oil—In better demand; sales at \$1.50 and \$3 15c. and all affairs pertaining to business in general.

She will cure all diseases incidental to the female sex. Her remedles are composed chiefly of herbs, and are simple, efficacious, and never fail. Charges reasonable, and only one price asked for advice and medicine. Remember the No., 31 West Ohio street.

PROFESSIONAL.

Attorneys at Law, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

OFFIC, rooms 10 and 11 albott & New's Block, just south of the past dice. Will practice all United States and state Courts. Special attention to Collections, Probate Business and Cases in Bankruptcy. JOSEPH W. NICHOL, Attorney and Counselor at Law Mice, Nos. 1 and 2; up stairs, Talbott & New Hlock, first building south of the Post Office,

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, WILL practice in the Inferior and Supre Courts of Indiana, and in the Feder Collections promptly attended to. REFER TO J. E. M'DONALD, A. L. BOACHE, WM. HENDERSON. feb25 d2m onathan W. Gordon. Walter March

GORDON & MARCH, Attorneys at Law.

WILL practice in the Federal and State Courts. By arrangement with the firm of Ray, Gordon & March, they will assist in closing up the business of that firm. Office in New & TALBOTT'S BLOCK, No. 4, sout of Post Office, North Pennsylvania street, feb25 d3m Indianapelis, Indiana TOBACCO WORKS.

INDIANAPOLIS Tobacco Works.

J. A. MAY & CO.,

PLUC TOBACCO.

garage et Holl Office, No. 67 East South Street.

All Brands Warranted

DYE HOUSE. Steam Dye House. C. BOSE'S STEAM DYE HOUSE, Nos. 20 and ... 321 East Washington street. Ladies' and Gentitimen's Garments, such as Crapes, Brocades, Silt, Woolen, or half Woolen Goods, Coats, Pants and Vests, will be cleaned or colored and repaired into latest styles. All work warranded letted day. ... All work to BOSE. CIRCULARS of every description neatly ex ecuted on common white or colored paper letter paper, note paper, or, in fact, on any kind orq uality of paper desired, and prices accord-ingly. Call at the RENTINGLOFFICE.

MUNSONS Copper Lightning Rod Agents wanted in every county in the Western and Southern States. Address DAVID MUNSON, maris dam

Manufacturers of DOORS, SAS H, BLINDS Door and Window Frames, Etc., Only Box Manufacturers in Indianapolis Corner South and Delaware streets.

Boxes of all kinds put up at Cincinnati prices.

apr9 d3m

HENRYH. WHEATLEY&CO.

MCCREERY & FAY, HOUSE-KEEPERS' EMPORIUM. 56 and 58 East Washington Street INDIANAPOLIS. Wholesale and Retail Queensware, Furniture Stoves, Cutlery, And House Furnishing Goods of all kings.

JOHN WOODBRIDGE. Importer of **OUEENSWARE**

CHINA, AND GLASSWARE: 36 South Meridian Street, apri7 dam INDIANAPOLIS

No. 4, Bates House, Indianapolis, Indiana, Dealers in Hora PIANO-FORTES. Organs and Melodeons.

WILLARD & STOWELL

ALLEN, ABBEY & CO., Wholesale Dealers in STONEWARE Brown and Yellow Ware, GLASSWARE, ETC. No. 86 Meridian Street.

apr21 d3m INDIANAPOLIS.

PORTER & VANCE, Dealers in FLOUR. 85 East Market Street, (Eden's Block.) apri7 d3m - Indianapolis.

BREMERMAN & RENNER. Carriage Manufacturers, No. 123 East Washington St.,

(Opposite the Court House,)

apri dim Indianapelis.

B. C. SHAW, CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER Nos. 26, 28 and 30 East Geor-

POTATOES. Seed Potatoes.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

1750 Bushels Early Goodrich Potatoes;
100 do Goodrich's Harrison Potatoes;
50 do Nansemond Sweet Potatoes;
100 do Lebanon Yallow Sweet Potatoes
And a full assortment of Garden Seeds, fresh J. GEORGE STILZ,

No. 78 East Washington Street, mar 30 dim INDIANAPOLIS, IND. PORT WINE. SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE

SEED AND IMPLEMENT DEALER,



VINEYARDS. NEW JERSEY. Speer's Port Grape Wine HIS justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juce of the Operto Grape, raised in its country. Its invaluable TONIC AND STRENGTHENING PROPERTIES are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and gonuinoness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the yarious ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is, in every respect,

INVALIDS USE SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE. Females use Spree's Port Grape Wine. Wearly Persons find a Benefit by its use. Spears Standard Wine Bitters. Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

A. Speer's Vineyard, New Jersey. Office, 243
Broadway, New York.

HORN, ANDERSON & CO.,
Jan23 dTuTh&Sat&wiy

A Wine to be Relied on.

HAIR RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY SOLUTION OF THE HAIR RESTORATIVE

HAIR RESTORATIVE.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors MANCRESTER, N. H.

LORD & SMITH, CINCINNATI.

GLASS FRUIT JARS. THE BEST PRESERVERS IN THE WORLD trade.
Liberal discount to dealers.
R. HEMINGRAY & CO.,
No. 68 Walnut street,
mar30 d3m. Cincinnati, Ohio.

A. B. HOLABIRD & CO., Reliable and old established man-ufacturers improved Circular Saw Mills. Gold Premium Wheat and Corn Mills from \$35 to \$50. Steam Engines always on hand. Our work is extra heavy and durable. Mill orders can be filled in three to six days' notice. Bargains can be had. Address us, or call at No. 335 West Front street, Chicimati, Ohio.

MCHENRY & CARSON, No. 8 East Fourth, and 162 Main Sts. CINCINNATI, Gas Fixtures and Lamps Wrought and Cast Iron Pine, Gas and Steam Fittings, Cocks and Valves, Cis-tern, Mill and Force Pumps. A full assortment of all goods in the Gas Steam and Plumbing lines, at Easter whosesale prices. mar30 dbm

BOYLE, MILLER & CO DISTILLERS.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, BONDED Liquor Merchants. Distilleries, Star Mills, Peoria, Illinos and Kenton county, Kentucky, jan21 d9m

HALL'S Safe and Lock Co. Manufacturers of Hall's Patent CONCRETE, FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROD SAFES.
And Victor Combination Bak Loks,

69 West 4th St., Opera House Building

GEO. CRAWFORD & CO. Importers and Dealers in oda Astr. Sat Soda, Causti Soda, Foundry Facings, Plaster, Lime, Cement, Sand. Pummice Stone, Resin, Etc., Etc., NO. 209 WALNUT STREET

Cincinnati, Ohio.

John Dubois, W. H. Williams DUBOIS & AUGUR, Commission Merchants 45 and 47 Race Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. Liberal advances made on con-signments of Flour, Grain and Provi-sions. mar30 d3m

TALLOW. GREASE. LARD

Market price paid for Tallow, Grease and Lard. Prompt seturns made. No extra charges. Prices given upon ap plication. PROCTER & GAMBLE. Office and Salesroom, 20 and 22 Wes Second Street. mar80 d3m N. J. CHAPIN & CO., GENERAL PRODUCE

Commission Merchants

CINCINNATI. CHAS. GRAHAM,

IRON BRIDGES BRIDGE CASTINGS, Bridge Bolts Girders, Tanks, Gas and Holders, Nos. 274, 276 and 278 West Front St. CINCINNATI.

PETERSON, POLLOCK & CO. Importers and Dealers in Saddlery Hardware, CINCINNATI.

CAMARGO MANUFACTURING CO. Window Shades

H. H. BRENEMAN, Proprietor

57 West Fourth street, mar 20 d3m • Cincinnati, Ohio.

Great Western Stove Works W. C. DAVIS & CO., CINCINNATI, Proprietors. Manufacturers of every variety an style of the most approved patterns of Cooking and Heating Stoves, for woo and coal, which they offer to the trad at prices to suit the times. Send of eatalogue and price list. mar30 d3a

McCOMAS & RUSSELL, Designers and ENGRAVERS ON WOOD

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E. A. HUTCHINSON & CO., Wholesale Hardware, 99 Walnut Street, CINCINNATI.

mar30 d3m

BRADFORD & SHARP. LEATHER BELTING. AND FIRE ENGINE HOSE, And dealers in Gum Belting, Hose Packing and Lage Leather, No. 57 Walnut, cor. Second Street CINCINNATI, OHIO.

MEDICAL. DR. WM. THOMSON'S



oure, or make no charge.

Dr. Wm. Thomson has made Dr. Wm. Thomson has made, the treatment of Private Discusses a spacialty since the year 1861—three years in the city of Bufalo, New York, cight years in Chicago, Illinois, and two years in Feoria, Illinois, had gight years in Chicago, Illinois, had considered the constant of the constant in the constant of the consta

uses a Fumigating Vapor Bath of the most ingrainous kind, in conjunction with internal treatment.

SEMINAL EMISSIONS, the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice, or degraved serual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty the following train of medical measures, viz. Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, and noises like the rusting of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike the form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various cruptions about the face, furred congue, night sweats, folid breath, coughs, consumption, monomalis, and control, on the lists appearance of any of the above symptoms, should immediately apply to Dr. Wm. Thomson for relief.

253 Office and Consultation Parlors, No. 38 South Delaware street, Indianapolis, Indiana.

F. O. Box 1650

DR. WRIGHTS

TAR SYRUP.

*Facts are stubborn the property, and in these alone do we intend to deal, in presenting WRIGHT'S TAR SYRUP to the puberb, and in these alone do we intend to deal, in presenting WRIGHT'S TAR SYRUP to the public. All know the necessity of guarding against Colds, as well as the necessity for taking the proper remedies when the Colds are upon us. We say, without fear of contradiction, that the superior of Wright's Tar Syrup for the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronehitis, and all discases of the Throat and Lungs, does not exist. Below are testimonials from persons, some of whom are known in all parts of the country:

Dr. R. Shelton Mackenzie, Literary Aditor Forney's Philadelphia Press, writes:

HILAD ELPHIA, July 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: Last Christmas, for the first time in

Bilad Erleys, writes:

BILAD Erleyia, July 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: Last Christmas, for the first time in my life, I was much afflicted by a very severe Cold, with aimost constant Cough and sort of the Cold, with aimost constant Cough and sort of the Crypton of the of Dr. Wright's preparation of the same remedy— that they were entirely correct. Yours, truly, R. SHELTON MACKENZIE, L.L.D.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

Dear Sir: Having witnessed the operation of Dr. Wright's Tar Syrup in cases of Consumptior, I cheerfully recommend it to all persons so ai-flicted.

JESSE R. WALKER,
Fourth and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, Thomas Wimmil, butcher, in Second Street Market, Philadelphia, writes:
After suffering for two years with Consumption and constant hemorhages, I was induced to try Dr. Wright's Tar Syrup. After using six bottles, health returned, and I am now a'll to attend to my business. wright's Tar Syrup. After using six bottles, bealth returned, and I am now at the attend to my business.

S. S. Stevens, Druggist, Reading, Pa., writes: Mr. J. J. Kromer: The gross of Tar Syrup purchased about three weeks ago is nearly all said a grossioner speak highly of it. Send all received a grossioner speak highly of it. Send all ground a grossioner speak highly of it. Send all ground a grossioner speak growth and it. I am selling largely of it, and with much satisfaction to my customers.

Wright's Tar Syrup is sold by all Draggists and Country Storekeepers. Price & Je probutle. One bottle will check the most aggravated Couch.

KROMER'S HAIR DYF Bestin the World.

Natural, Durable, Beautiful, Best and Cheape in the World—will give satisfaction to all. JOHN J. KROMER. 403 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. For sale by BROWNING & SLOAN and W. I. HASKIT & CO., Indianapolis, Indiana Private Diseases.

PRIVATE DISEASES cured at the WESTERN IEDICAL OFFICES, SI Illinois street, Indiananati, Ohio. Half the Usual Price, and no Charge Until Cured.

Recent cases cured in two to eight days. Those of long standing cured in less than half the time others occupy in experimenting. Our remedles for Seminal Weakness never fall. Francie aliments specify cured. Female Pills, \$2; extra, \$3. Our GERMAN PERIODIC POWDER will cause the monthly flow in twenty-four hours. Board furnished. Modicines sent by Express. Advice free and confidential. Charges low. Send 35 cents and stamp for Book and Circular on private matters, or stamp for Circular, explaining use of an article for the married. It will cost nothing for a friendly talk or letter.



Never Fails to Cur Neuralgia and Rheumatism THIS Great Internal Remedy is curring thousands or cases where all other remedies have failed. It is no mere "Anodyne," relieving for the moment, but is a perfect SPECIPIC and CURE for those painful diseases. The vast number of Liniments, Embrocations, and External Medicines, which act as stimulas us of the surface only, are temporary in their effects and of doubtful virtue. The NEURALGIA KING reaches the source of all trouble, and effectually banishes the disease from the system. A single trial will convince the most skeption. Price one Dollar per Bottle. Sold by druggists, Also, Professor Syme's Pile Oil—a sure Oure, Price Fifty Cents.

A. I. MATHEWS.

BLACKING. TO THE LADIES.

THE CIRAGE FRANCAIS FRENCH DRESSING Will be used in every family in the country when they find out its good qualities. Ladies' Boots are made to look as good as new.
Children's Boots are made to look as good as new.
Travelling Bags are made to look as good as new.
Trunts are made to look as good as new.
Trunts are made to look as good as new.
It makes the leather sort and pliable.
It will not rub off when wet and soil the skirts.
Be sure and get the genuine.
B. F. BROWN & CO., Proprietors,
Boston.

Manufacturers of the celebrated Army and Navy Paste Blacking, and Blackings and Dress-ings of all kinds for boots and shoes, dec24 d6m eod Tu.Th&Bat HAIR RESTORER. CLOCK'S EXCELSION HAIR RESTORER DOSITIVEY restores Grey Hair to its original color, either Brown or Black; prevents its falling off; cures all humors or eruptions on the scalp; makes hair grow on bald heads when bald y disease. It is clean, does not gum the hair, is elegantly perfumed, and a splendid dressing; contains ne sugar of lead or nitrate of siture. Sold by all Apothecaries. F. B. CLOCK, Chemist, Boston, Massachusetts, proprietor.

LIQUORS. LOUIS LANG,

IMPORTER OF RHINE WINES

Bottled iquors, Ale, Cider and Lager Beer, No. 29 SOUTH MERIDIAN STREET, INDIANAPOLIS. SPOOL COTTON.



DHY SHUGH AUCHINELOSS marii dâm

eller-Richards' Power Corn Shelle Special Notices—Hostetter's celebrated sch Bitters.

Special Notices-Radway's Ready Relief. Special Notices-Holloway's Pills and Oint-

For Sale-Residence. For Sale-Second hand buggy. In Bankruptcy-William B. Cassady, of Rush file, Rush County. Found-Note of hand.

Masonic-Special meeting of Ancient Land-marks Lodge, No. 319. Masonic-Meeting of Capital City Lodge, No Dissolution of Partnership-Neall & Co.

Pasture - Flet; her Pasture-J. R. Childers,

Business Notices.

Bureau of the Home Department-Phal Flor de Mayo. Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative Ole Bull is Coming-A six month's engag

Auction - Great Variety of Furniture - At Featherston's. Positive sale of Commercial Hotel. Remember the sale of the Commercial Hotel.

Splendid Fishing Tackle-Baldwin's Bazaar. Fine Fishing Tackle—Baldwin's Bazaar. CITY NEWS.

MARION COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State Senators DR. HENRY F. BARNES. JOSEPH W. NICHOL. Representatives. OTTO BETTICHER.
JOHN FEHRENBACH.
JOHN H. WILEY.
DB —— COLLINS.

Treasurer.
MILTON SPENCER. Sheriff. RICHARD SIMPSON County Commissioner.
O'LIVER JOHNSON. Criminal Prosecutor.

JAMES L. MITCHELL. Real Estate Appraiser. CICERO VANLANDINGHAM County Surveyor. BATES HOSBROOK. WILLIAM G. ELDER.

HEADQ'RS UNION WHITE BOYS IN BLUE, INDIANAPOLIS, April 27, 1868. General Order No. 2: General Reuben C. Kise, of Boone County is hereby appointed Inspector General. He

will be obeyed and respected accordingly. JOHN LOVE, Commanding Union White Boys in Blue. At the sale of the Northwestern Chris-

tian University lots yesterday, Colonel Parwer, County Sheriff, invested to the extent of MAD .- A commission to inquire into the alleged lunacy of Thomas Russel, of Perry

Township, composed of Justices Curd and Smock, acjudged him to be mad as a March hare, and ordered him to the lunatic asylum. The team of Mr. Kohl ran away on

injured him severely. THE WEED .- William L. Mason, inspector of cigars and tobacco for this district, reports having inspected one hundred and forty-eight

thousand eight hundred and fifty cigars for CREVASSE .- Another crevasse is reported in the canal near where the other break occurred, five miles north of the city. Men are hard at work to stop the leak, and it is thought

We call attention to the advertisement is doing much to build up the business of the city, and we wish him success.

With the prospect of a hot summer is gratifying to know that an abundance of has been packed. One firm-Langedale & Co.-has packed one thousand cords. The ice is very fine, some of it being eighteen inches

FIRE ALARM.—The Cotton Factory, Gelsen dorff's Woolen Factory, Coburn & Jones Yard, Osgood & Smith's Factory, Farley & Sinker's Shop, Speigel & Thom's Factory, and Joseph W. Davis have taken private boxes of the Fire Alarm Telegraph.

A BUNDLE LOST .- A small bundle, containing a little girl's scarlet merino and a buff deaine dress, with other articles of clothing, was lost from a carriage between 179 North Alawill be rewarded by leaving it at 179 North Alabama street.

CRIMINAL COURT .- The Grand Jury yeserday returned four indictments for obtain ing money under false pretenses, three for petty larceny, one for forcible entry, two for bur lary, one for grand larceny, one for robone for concealing and receiving stolen goods.

esting trial is now progressing in the Crimi-nal Court, wherein Fielding Beeler and another patriot named Harris are the parties. It seems that during the late gellorious war for negro suffrage and a national blessing, when patriots sang rally round the flag, but didn't rally worth a cent. another turn of the draft wheel was imminent, and these two patriot conspired to keep out of the army. One borrowed \$200 of the other, and now claims tha the other-and it dont matter which was the other-didn't loan the money, but only increased his subscription to that amount. It is a good and a pleasant thing for patriots to dwell together in unity. The dew of Heaven is nothing to it.

FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH .- This institu tion goes into operation to-day. The battery is at No. 2 engine house. The alarm boxes Hook and Ladder House. New Jersey street,

tween Washington and Market streets Corner Washington and Noble streets Davidson street, between Ohio and New Corner Michigan and Noble streets.

Corner of Massachusetts avenue and Noble

Corner of Mas Corner of New Jersey street and Fort Corner of East street and Massachusetts

Corner of East and New York streets.
No. 2 Engine House, corner of Massachusetts avenue and New York street.
Corner of Delaware street and Fort Wayne

Pennsylvania, near Pratt street. Corner of Tennessee and St. Clair streets. Reisdence of F. F. Wallick, No. 37 West Corner of Indiana avenue and Illinois Corner of Tennessee and Washington streets.

Corner of Indiana avenue and West street. Indiana avenue, near St. Clair street. Indiana avenue, near St. Clair street. New York street and canal, (Helwig's Mill.) Corner of Biake and Michigan streets.

Corner of Douglass and New York streets. No. 1 engine house, Washington street, beween West and California streets. ween West and California streets.

Corner Kentucky avenue and West street.

Corner Illinois and Louisiana streets, Spen-

Tennessee street, between South and Gar-Corner Illinois and McCarty streets.

Corner Ray street and Bluff road. Corner Delaware and McCarty streets. No. 3 Engine House, South street, between claware and Alabama streets. Gas Works.
Chief Fire House, No. — South East street.

Corner Georgia and Benton streets.

Corner of Noble street and Virginia avenue.

Corner Bradshaw street and Virginia avenue.

Corner East and Bicking streets. At a meeting of the White Boys in Biue, d at Military Hall, Saturday evening, the nt, one new company was organized.

which James Hagerty was elected Captain, J. J. Fallon, First Lieutenant, and Joseph ler, Second Lieutenant. The election of non-commissioned officers was postponed until the next meeting. Dallis Beyser was elected as fifer, and Charles Warner as drum-

On motion, a committee of five were to be nied by the Captain to form a glee club. After which speeches were made by General R. C. Kise, Colonel R. J. Ryan, and Mejor H.

After which the meeting adjourned to meet at the same place on Saturday, May 2, 1868.

POLICE COURT.—Yesterday was a tolerably ousy day with his Honor, and the voluntary applicants for justice. Buck bee ndsy, and among the crowd we noticed a good representation of buck Africans, who had probably been bucking against the frisky beverage, and come to grief, as i usually the case with everybody, white or black, who tampers with this diabolical product of the hop.

John B. Dunlop, a colored gentleman and a

Baptist preacher, appeared to answer the charge of having rented certain premises on Indiana avenue, between the canal and West street, to one Mollie Jackson, to be used as a house of ill-fame. This establishment has long been an eyesore to the neighborhood, and the evidence showed it to be one of the filthiest and most beastly slums which could be found anywhere. In a little, ricketty old shanty, reeking with flith, and ready to tumble down, were seven degraded white women, who entertained the egro visitors to the house. This most revolting state of affairs has existed for a long time and the Rev. Mr. Dunlop could not have been ignorant of it, as it was in evidence that he ame around at least once a day to see about therent. The old sinner was ably defended by Judge Finch, but the Court fined him \$25 nd costs. An appeal was taken.

Oliver Brenton is the name of the party who went over to Stringtown on Saturday fo little healthy recreation, and amused himself by shooting at everybody he saw. Among lamsel, named Lizzie Jones. Mr. Bre who is a man of war, ordinarily moored at the Arsenal, is also under suspicion of ncealed weapons and intoxication, and went to jail on all the charges, with heavy

Frank Rohr got roaring drunk, and wen oaring up and down the earth like a devouring lion, seeking to encompass all the benzine he could find lying about loose. In addition to his bender, he is in for it on the score of public indecency and concealed weapons.

John Reynolds' drunk was complicate with outrageous blasphemy, which gave the pious policeman's moral nature a powerfu

hock, and added \$13 25 to Mr. Reynolds' John Geis had a little falling out with his bosom friend, John Lynch, and proceeded to perpetrate upon the aforesald Lynch's nasal organ a scientific assault and battery, which rew torrents of crimson gore, flowing freely as claret from a newly tapped cask. Mr. Gels was heartily sorry for what he had done in his mad frenzy, and paid \$9 30 with alacrity. The assault and battery of Sampsoni Barrett upon John Porter seems to have been a ing. At least Judge Scott only adjudged it at \$6 30.

William Fishlowder, James Monroe, Stlas Parker, James Robinson, and Newton Johnson appeared with heads considerably enlarged from the expansive force of buck beer. They plead guilty to plain drunks, and were so disposed of.

I. O. O. F. CELEBRATION .- The Forty finth Anniversary of the Indianapolis Lodge of I. O. O. F., was duly celebrated at the evening. There was a large number of ladies and gentlemen present and the spacious hall was filled to its full seating capacity. The ceremonies commenced by singing the ode,

commencing Come, ye brethren, all united, Join our voices as one band, which was followed by prayer by the Rev W. H. Kendricks, after which another ode was sung, when P. G. William Wallace de West Washington street, yesterday, tore livered an eloquent and feeling address highly down a fire alarm telegraph pole near the eulogistic of the Order. To give a synopsis of down a fire alarm telegraph pole near the eulogistic of the Order. To give a synopsis of White River bridge, threw Mr. Kohl out and it would be only to mar its beauty, but there was one point touched by the speaker which we can not pass over in silence. Mr. Wallace said that as soon as the war ended the Odd Fellows, imbued by that spirit of charity which covereth a multitude of sins, set themselves vigorously to work to ameliorate the asperities, and soften the difand to bring about once more in this country the unity of Odd Fellowship, and he was glad to announce that they had succeeded, and that at the last National Convention of the Order every State in the Union was repreof Mr. George Lowe, carriage maker, who our radical Congress. Instead of ameliorahas recently opened a repository on Pennsyl-vania street, just across from the post office, ded to them, and tasked their devillsh inge-Mr. Lowe is an enterprising gentleman, who nuity to the utmost to oppress and estrange and prevent the restoration of the Union What a pity that they did not follow the noole example of the Northern Odd Fellows. At the conclusion of Mr. Wallace's address

another ode was sung, and then P. G. M. R Barnard commenced his address. At this point other and pressing business called us away. ASBURY CHAPEL.-Plans and specification for the new Methodict Church, to be erected on the corner of Virginia avenue and Huron

street have been presented. They are a

It will be of brick with a stone finish. The main building will be sixty-eight feet in width, and ninety feet in depth. A chapel attached to the rear is forty-eight by seventy-six feet. The chapel fronts on Huron street, and is very neat, while the main front on Virginia avenue is very imposing. A square tower built of brick with stone caps and sile, sixty-nine feet in height, is surmounted by an octsgonal spire ninety-three feet in height, making the whole elevation one hundred and sixty-two feet from the ground. The lot is finely situated and was given to the church by S. A. Fletcher, Jr., and this church will be one of the most prominent objects in the city. The cost of the building will be from thirly to thirty-five thousand dollars. The plan will to thirty-five thousand dollars. The plan will be submitted to the church to-night. It adopted, the work will be prosecuted at once, aiming to finish the chapel this year.

In behalf of the Young Men's Christian sociation grateful acknowledgments are hereby tendered to Mr. Cozui, of the Bellefon taine Railroad; to General Morris, of the In dianapolis and St. Louis Railroad; to Mr. Lunt, of the Columbus and Indiana Central Railroad: to Mr. Noble, of the Cincinnati and Indianapolis and Peru Railroad, for recent favors in the way of travel, granted to persons who were applicants at the rooms of the Asso ciation for kindness of this sort; also, to Messrs. Browning & Sloan, and Messrs. Wiles titute sick, at the instance of the Association also, to Mrs. J. A. R-, for a basket of books designed for the Hospital Library.

A large and fashionable audience greet ed the first appearance this season of Miss Maggie Mitchell, the original Cricket, at the Metropolitan Theater last evening. Miss Maggie is quite a favorite with the theater going people of this city, which shows their goodtaste and discriminating judgment, for she is indeed an accomplished and charming actress. Her delineation of the character of Fanchon was perfect, and called forth frequent applause. It seems that in this play which affords great opportunity for the display of much versatility, Miss Maggle appears t greater advantage than in most of her persoations. She was well sustained through Mr. Norton was an admirable Father Bar beaud, and the talented young actor, Mr. J. W. Collier, sustained well his part.

"Little Barefoot." Don't fail to go. You can not while away a few hours more pleasantly. PETRIFIED TURTLE .- Mr. Dickson, of the firm of Butsch & Dickson, has, at his coal office on Georgia street, a very large turtle, turned to stone. Mr. D. informs us that thi turtle was found in the bed of Muskatatak Creek, near North Vernon, Jennings County, and that at least a hundred of the same kind have been taken out of the hole in which this was found. Some monstrous water gorgon seems to have got among the turtles, and changed their fibres to limestone and iron ore in the twinkling of an eye. Mr. Dickson i expecting a consignment of twenty-five or

To-night will be presented the play o

hirty of these turtles. In our report of the proceedings of the Saturday's Convention, Mr. Dunn is an-nounced as the nominee for Real Estate Appraiser. Mr. Vallandigham was the man, as

BLACK SWAN. - The celebrated "Black Swan," the colored vocalist, assisted by her pupil, Miss Katie Lanier, the Southern lightingale, will give one concert, on May 11, at Opera Hall.

Captain Alfred Kilgore is a candidate for Congress in the Ninth District, and is confident of his ability to beat Jean Pierre Cleaver Shancks. There is a fair demand for bricks in

the community, and the mud-manipulators are quite busy. Captain Whitsett has seven ty thousand moulded and ready for the kiln George H. Pendieton has an income of nine

MONDAY NIGHT, April 27, 1868. Council met in regular session, Mayor Macauley in the chair.

Mr. Brown presented the remonstrance of citizens on Merrill 'street, between Mary-land and Delaware, against the improvement of conditions. Mr. Bergstein's soles, and

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and and 104. Adopted.

The Street Commissioner was also instructed to build a wooden culvert at the structed to build a wooden culvert at the west corner of South Meridian and Ray streets.

Building Pennary.

west corner of South Meridian and Ray streets.

Also, on motion of Mr. Geisel, to build a culvert across the big ditch on the north side of Michigan and Railroad streets.

Mr. Kappes introduced an ordinance to pave with brick the sidewalk on the south side of South street between Alabams and Delaware.

Mr. Geisel introduced an ordinance to grade and pave the north sidewalk of Market street between New Jersey and Nobie.

Mr. MacArthur moved that the market master remove the fence around the west; market from the northeast to the northwest corner, and from the northeast corner to the south line of the market grounds on Tennessee, and have the same replaced on a line north and south the full width of the grounds, ten feet west of the west end of the market house. Reterred: can feet west of the west end of the market nounce. Reterred:

On motion of Mr. Loomis Mr. Routier, contractor for Vonnegut's building on East Washington street was granted permission to dump bricks and other material between New Jersey and Alabama street, there not being room enough on Mr. Vonnegut's grounds.

Mr. Seidensticker presented a petition for the opeaing of a street through outlot 107. Referred to Committee on Streets and Alleys.

Dr. Jameson introduced a gas ordinance. Referred.

Mr. Stanton introduced an ordinance ap-Mr. Stanton introduced an ordinance appropriating \$1,000 for the Improvement of Military Pask.

The Board of Public Improvements reported favorably on the petition for the paving of the north sidewalk of Vermont street, between Meridian and Pennsylvania. Concurred in.

curred in.

In the matter of the remonstrance against the Improvement of Noble street between Washington street and the Indiana Central Railway track, the Board reported that although the improvement is necessary, the remonstrants own all the property on each side of the street. The Board referred the papers back without action.

The Committee on Streets and Alleys reported against narrowing Broadway street. Concurred in.

concurred in.

The Fire Committee reported the completion of the fire slarm telegraph, and appointing a trial at two 'clock Wednesday afternoon. Concurred in.

The Committee on Education made a report (published last week) with a petition from School Trustees, asking for the issue and sale of the contract of the cont city bonds to the amount of \$30,000, to pay for the Union Street Schoolhouse.

for the Union Street Schoolhouse.

Mr. Cottrell thought the petition a most remarkable one. He thought it strange that the Trustees should go ahead and build a \$40,000 schoolhouse, without knowing whether they could get the money or not. It was vir-tually admitted that they were defaulters to mount of \$30,000. Dr. Woodburn was also surprised at this petition. He was one of the committee who conferred with the school trustees, and he had

Mr. Loomis explained, and thought the rustees had made a plain showing o atter in their report.
Mr. Costrell claimed that the trustees had

understood them to say that with what money they would get from the county they would

Mr. Cottrell cisimes that the business they had money to build it.

Mr. Brown said the trustees were simply attempting to make a scapegoat of the Sixtn Ward schoolhouse. It was true that there was a deficit now, but there would be none in June. The fact of the matter is they want a schoolhouse in the north end of town, and schoolhouse in the north end of town, and why didn't they say so?

Dr. Jameson thought the School Trustees were monomaniacs on the subject of school-houses. They had more than doubled the school facilities within the past year, while the population of the city was at a stand-still. He opposed the erection of a school-house in the north part of the city this year, and was in favor of letting the Trustees get out of their

the north part of the city this year, and was in favor of letting the Trustees get out of their scrape as best they could.

Mr. Loomis moved the petition be made the special order for next Monday evening.

Dr. Jameson explained the functions of the School Trustees as being totally unconnected with those of the Council. They levied their tax at will, without consulting Council. Mr. Cumback had procured the passage of the law authorizing the levy of \$30,000 school tax, expressly to help Greensburg out of a scrape. pressly to help Greensburg out of a scrape, and the Trustees were disposed to take advantage of it. School Trustees always want all the m oney they can get. He tho

Stanton—9
The matter was then postponed till next Monday night,
The Superintendent of the City Hospital re-A report and a dissenting minerity report on the right of way for the Junction Railway ordinance authorizing said road to lay a track across certain streets to the Peru Railway

Dr. Jameson, from the Gas Committee, re Dr. Jameson, from the Gas Committee, reported a proposition from the gas company for the settlement of the late "unpleasantness." It is as follows, and was made in answer to a communication from the city:

The time-table adopted not to be for a less time than two thousand hours per lamp per annum, the Council reserving the right to arrange said time-table. In case the lamps are lighted at any time by order of the city, increasing the hours of burning over two thousand per post per annum, any excess of gas consumed by reason of such order, the city to pay for the same pro rata, and to be recovered in bills for the month in which it is consumed. The number of lamps to be supplied umed. The number of lamps to be suppl

sumed. The number of lamps to be supplied with gas, lighted and extinguished regularly, not to be less than four on a space equal to an original square of the city, including square on the several avenues, and provided that on mains hereafter to be laid the city may diminish the number of posts on the squares.

The average capacity of the burners used to be such as to permit of the consumption of four cubic feet per hour. The company will furnish, at its own expense, all the necessary burners for lamps, and the matches for lighting.

ing.

The company will furnish the gas on contract, each lamp to burn not less than two thousand hours per post per sanum, pay the Government tax, light, extinguish, and perform the labor of keeping the lamps in good working order at the rate of \$30 per post per

working order at the rate of \$30 per post per annum.

All bills duly certified, due for a given month to be paid during the following month. Provided, further, that for lighting, extinguishing, repairing, Government tax, and for materials furnished, to be paid for as per monthly bills rendered. The company to purchase all necessary materials for keeping the lamps in good order, at the expense of the city, to be stored as the city shall direct. Monthly bills to be rendered for the cost of materials, duly certified and sworn to as correct, by the President or Secretary of the company. Before seiling the public lamps, the company will accept a contract on the terms and stipulations of the above as a basis for a term of three years. Nothing in this proposition, if accepted, by the Coneil, will be so considered as to interfere with the rights of the company under their contract to supply the city and citizens with gas for a term of twenty years bearing date March 4, 1866, except as contemplated in this proposition.

By order of the Board.

B. Valaningham, Secretary.

After a lengthy discussion the proposition of the gas company was accepted, Mr. Kappes only voting in the negative.

The ordinance giving the Junction Railway the right of way through the city to Mississippi street, was read a second time, and after being amended and extensively discussed, was ordered to be engrossed.

The Council then adjourned.

The Table and the Cost of Keeping The following are the retail quotations for ome of the articles demanded for our table Pork steaks

Tripe.

Hams, sliced
Shoulders, old
Dried beef
Pigs feet, \$\phi\$ doz
Fish fresh, \$\phi\$ lo
Chickens, each
Ducks, each
Ducks, each
Ducks, each
Ducks, each
Butter, \$\phi\$ doz
Cheese, \$\phi\$ lb
Butter, \$\phi\$ doz
Cheese, \$\phi\$ lb
Dried Cherries, \$\phi\$ lb
Dried Cherries, \$\phi\$ lb
Dried Cherries, \$\phi\$ lb
Curnans, half peck
Luraips, half peck
Apples, half peck
Craberries, \$\phi\$ guart.
Common Beans, \$\phi\$ quart
Dried Apples, \$\phi\$ lb
Dried Peaches, \$\phi\$ lb
Hominy, \$\phi\$ lb
Currants, \$\phi\$ lb 1 00 to 1 B Blackberries, \$\phi\$ lb. Figs, \$\phi\$ lb. Pigs, \$\phi\$ lb. Lcaubage, \$\phi\$ head.

Eggs, \$\phi\$ doz.

Radishes, \$\phi\$ bunch.

Lettuce, \$\phi\$ peck.

Young Onlons, \$\phi\$ bunch.

Gacumbers, \$\phi\$ duz.

Oranges, \$\phi\$ doz.

Lemons, \$\phi\$ doz.

As.aragus, \$\phi\$ bunch.

Pie Plant

Snipe, \$\phi\$ doz.

ological reports for the Indian

rm. Hygrom. Rain. Sn

oolis Academy of Medicine, by W. J. Elstur

apr25deod3t 50 to 1 25 to 5 to

on Concert.-A fair audienc ttended the concert given by the Mannercho at Morrisson's Hall last night. The singing Fine Art Gallery. concerts by the association, especially in the quartettes. Mr. Bergstein's soles, and his quintette and solo, were excellently sung and well received. Mr. Caulfield's plane sole was most excellently done, and the audience re-ceived it with a hearty encore, which the musician acknowledged by playing an ex-quisite little song without words, by Henselt. tion, was Mr. Bergstein's "Hymn to the

BUILDING PERMITS.—The Board of Public Improvements issued the following permits a its session last Saturday:

A. J. Danforth first ward, brick dwelling \$6.500. James German, eighth ward, frame dwelling, \$460. James O'Mara, fourth ward, frame dwelling \$425. John Weiss, sixth ward, brick bakery,

8300. F. Coldhoff, sixth ward, brick dwelling, 82,100. William Antrum, ninth ward, frame dwelling, \$1,000.

Benjamin Rowe, fourth ward, frame dwelling, \$1,650. R. Donovan, fourth ward, frame dwelling, Robert Kennington, sixth ward, ball alley,

Powell Howland, second ward, frame ad liton, \$300.

Also, other alerations and repairs, to the extent of \$1,300. Mrs. Sarah L. Dille, widow of Captain

Alexander H. Stephens' new work, "The war Conduct, and Results." We commend her to The book will certainly be a very readable war, even if they do not agree with Northern a living for the family dependent upon her eforts, and we hope, therefore, that her efforts will receive liberal encouragement.

RUNAWAY .- About ten o'clock yesterd norning the team of farmer John Cole took fright at a runsway horse, attached to s pring wagon, opposite the State House. Mr them. When near Meikel's brewery, the ongue of the wagon struck one of the new fire alarm telegraph posts, breaking it square the dash, stunning him severely. The horses were stopped by being caught in the telegraph

wire, tearing it off of some half dozen poles. GENTUS AND HATS.-Genius is a reality which extends much further than to objects f taste. It signifies that talent or aptitude, which we receive from nature, in order to superior order of intellectual capacity and power, which excels in poetry, song, politics, prose, painting, war, and the mechanic s' art by the better associations of men, art, and ternal objects of sensational beauty and gran spired. But no rule can supply the defects of genius, or inspire it where it is wanting, but proper channel, which leads downward to his true level, far beneath the favored gifts of nature, for the observation, appreciation, o production of those eminent sublime! Yet genius will out, no matter what may be the obstacles in the way of its development. Most of our great men have started from obscurity, and arrived at their greatness in spite of difficulties, such as or

And how did they succeed? By doing if one has the genius to sell hats,don't write genius it must be not to be able to write poetry, sing, paint, or speak, but fully able to want all the money they can get. He thought the comunity were paying as much as it ought to pay. He thought the Council should have an eye to sewerage, as well aseducation. These gentlemen were monomaniaes. They could see nothing but schools and school houses, while it was the duty of the Council to look at all interact. He moved the indefinite postponement of the matter, on which the vote was taken as follows:

Ayes—Cottrell, Davis, Foster, Jameson, Schmidt, Seldensticker, and Woodburn—I.

Noez—Brown, Coburn, Geisel, Goddard, Henschen, Kappes, Loomis, MacArtnur, and Stanton—9 variety as to be deemed a divine article o tainly the hatter must be the most wonderful

genius, and more truly great! Oh! the hat, the beautiful hat, Look on this variety, and on that; View its neat set brim, and glossy crow It is home-made by Hatter Brown.

W. P. BROWN, Hatter, Miller's Block. LOCAL ITEMS.

Auction.-Great Variety of Fur iture at Auction to-day at half-past nine set of New Buggy Harness, Bridles, etc., etc. For Shades go to Gall & Rush,

101 East Washington street. 24-1w Positive Sale Commercial Ho tel on Thursday of this week.

The Talisman of Fashion; the favorite of beauty; the pet of luxury in every dressing room and boudoir, is "Barrett's Vegstable Heir Restorative" It is a sure pro tive to baldaces and premature gray hair, and no lady or gentleman should be without it .-St. Joseph Herald.

Remember the Sale of the Com mercial Hotel on Thursday, April 30. Twenty-Five Cents buys two boxes best Paper Collars, at Baldwin's Ba-

Splendid Fishing-Tackle of every description selling very cheap s win's Bazaar. 28-3204

ZSAF.

Eighteen Cents for Magic Fans great variety at Baldwin's Bazzar.

For Fine Fishing - Tackle

sure to visit headquarters at Baldwin's Ba-

Hoslery from Auction-500 Dexn-at Baldwin's Bazaar. apr25deod3t

Bureau of the Home Depart-MENT.-When cabinet officers are reporting the condition of their various bureaux, the ladies universally declare that a dressing room bureau must be supplied with Phalon new perfume, "Flor de Mayo," before they can recognize it as a legitimate domestic in

stitution. Sold by all druggists. Has Nature an Antidode for Ac quired diseases? The Plantation Bitters, prepared by Dr. Drake, of New York, have no doubt benefited and cured more persons of Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Sour Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Sinking Weakness, General Debility, and Mental Despondency, than any other article in existence. They are compos of the purest roots and herbs, carefully pre pared, to be taken as a tonic and gentle sti lant. They are adapted to any age or condi tion of life, and are extensively popular with nothers and persons of sedentary habits. MAGNOLIA WATER is a delightful toilet ar-

ticle—superior to Cologne, at half the price. 21-6eod&w2w "Do not your juries give their verdict" in favor of "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative?" It is the universal verdict of mankind that it is the best in the script.

Duches Kids, only \$1.40. This stylish Glove at Baldwin's Bazaar.

Ole Bull is Coming. - A Six MONTHS' ENGAGEMENT.—The old, museum of animal curiosities to be opened Friday May 1, 1868, at the terminus of Fletcher Av enue. All persons in possession of such and estring to make stock engagements for the season should apply to J. R. Childers, Busteas Agent, prior to the opening season. See advertisement Fletchers' Pasture.

Empress Kids, Seventy-five Cents, splendid quality, at Baldwin's Bazaar. apr25deod3t

Boots and Shoes.-For the bes costom Eastern made Boots and Shoes, and for the best fine Boots and Shoes made to or-der, go to L. Sieredorfer, No. 41 East Washington street. Our work is all warranted.

For Carpets go to Gall & Rush

Pictures, Frames, Looking Glasses, Artists' Wax, and gilding of Picture and Mirror Frames at H. LIEBER & CO.

21 North Penusylvania Street For Wall Paper go to Gall & Rush, 101 East Washington street. 24-1w The"Unfortunate" should read je14-1y third page.

Eighty-five Cents buys splendid french Corsets-nearly half value-at Baldwin's Great Variety Store. apr25deod3t

Excellent Hose, Twenty Cents, see them, at Baldwin's Bazaar. apr25deod3t We call especial attention to the advertisement, in another column, of "Spear's Port Grape Wine," a pure and unsve grape wine, invaluable in sicknes

"Dickens" Cloth Lined, Twenty Cents. This famous Collar at Baldwin's Ba-Moth Patches, Freckles, and

TAN .- The only reliable remedy for those rown discolorations on the face is "Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion." Prepared only by Dr. B. C. Perry, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold everywhere. mh25-d6meod \$1 90 White Shirts. See this Great orgain now offered at Baldwin's Fancy Ba apr25deod3t

Good Hose, Twelve and one alf cents, half value, at Baldwin's Bazaar. apr25deod3t Beautiful Parasols, Elegant

tyles, at Baldwin's Bazaar. apr25deod3t "Your Lotion has Cured me of Tetter (or Satt Rheum) on my hands, of thirty years' standing," writes Joseph Kistler, o Danville, Indiana, who has been using Palmer's Vegetable Cosmetic Lotion. 30-dltaw&wlm

Twelve and one-half Centsworth twenty-five cents—Ladies' White Hose at Baldwin's Bazaar. apr25deod3t

Spring and Summer New Goods Broadway styles of nobby business or dress suits can be obtained of Strauss & Ellenbogen, Merchant Tailors, successors to Moritz, Bro. & Co., No. 19 West Washington street. We are daily receiving the finest and latest patterns of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, which, when cut by our experienced cutter Mr. Stolworthy, we warrant to please the most fastideous. We would respectfully invite our customers and the public at large to call and examine our goods before giving or-1.3w mon, wed&sat

TEAS

CHINA TEASTORE Headquarters in Indiana

CHINESE AND JAPANESE

TEAS! The China Tea Store,

Dissolution of Partnership ESTABLISHED IN 1852.) No. 7 ODD FELLOWS' HALL

H. H. LEE. FURNITURE.



SPECIAL NOTICES. Frightful Prophecies Concerning

the End of all Things Are made by religious enthusiasts; and, on th other hand, phi osophers insist that the center of the earth is a mass of fire—that the poles of the earth will one day be at the Equator, and that the sun is gradually fading! Talk like th s is society to take care of his or her health, and leave

the rest to Providence.

The end comes prematurely to all who neglect
the preservation of that inestimable blessing Suffer liver disease, dyspensia, chronic constination or any other ailment to take its course un-checked, and it will assuredly shorten life. It can not be said that the means of protecting the system against the predisposing causes of dis-ease are withheld. The constitutions and physque of the least robust may be so streng and fortified by a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as to render them all but nynlnerable, not only to the attacks of epidemi disorders, but also to the ordinary complaints which prevail in all countries and at all seasons. If the immense importance of protective medication were universally understood, this incomparable vegetable antidote, which is already the most popular tonic in the world, would every nost popular tonic in the world, would every-where be classed among the staples of life, and no family would dare to be without it. The time

R. R. R.

may arrive when this will be the case, for every

Every-household should keep Radway's Ready Relief and Pills on hand; their timely use, if suddenly seized with sickness, may save life. As oon as there is the slightest uneasiness in the chest, with difficulty of breathing, or indication of Cough, take during the day 20 drops of Relief, in a wine glass of water. Cure effectual. Pains in the Head, Sore Threat, Hoarseness, a sudden attack of Diptheria, or Influenza, apply the Re ief to the throat and chest. Persons suffering rom Rheumatism, Tie Douloureux, etc., should not hesitate to apply Radway's Ready Relief, both externally and internally. Nothing better in the known world. Create a sense of heat and rritation, or burning, you may feel perfectly atisfied of a cure. For Sprains, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, nothing like the Relief. Rub the part or parts where the disease or pain is seated, is all hat is sufficient. Aside from all this, the Relie will be found to be a splendid tonic when used with water. If you have Lameness, Swelling of the Knees, Feet, Joints, etc., use nothing else In case of Asiatic Cholera, the Relief leads all Diarrhea, Vomiting, Convulsions, Bad Dreams, and General Debility, Radway's Ready Relief is sure cure.
Sold by Druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle. See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.

apr28 deod&w2w Holloway's Pills and Clatment-Practice vs. Theory.- The unparalleled success which attends these remedies in their radical cures, of Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, King's Evil, Barber's Itch, Ulcer, Sore Leg, Ringworm, and all skin diseases would be cemed incredible, were it not substantiated by "a cloud of living witnesses." Such beneficier results can not fail to challenge our admiration for the genius which displays such science in the market; let a: I who are becoming prematurely extirpation of disease, and in the triumph of old-looking and bald begin at once the use of health. Sold by all Druggists. apr33d&w2w ITCHI ITCHII ITCHIII SCRATCH! SCRATCH!! SCRATCH!!! In from 10 to 48 hours.

Wheaton's Cintment cures
Wheaton's Cintment cures
Wheaton's Cintment cures
Wheaton's Cintment cures
Wheaton's Cintment cures Wheaton's Ointment cures Old Sores, Wheaton's Ointment cures Every kind of Humor like Magic. Price 50 cents a box; by mail, 60 cents. Addres WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington street chusetts. For sale by all druggist oct1 deod&w1y

No. 106 South Illinois Street, (Third door south of Georgia,)

Leep constantly on hand a large assertment to

BRUSHES

Of their own manufacture, at Wholesale and Resett.

BRUSHES.

Indianapelis Brush Manufactory.

CORN SHELLER. TO GRAIN SHIPPERS, Millers and Distillers.

Richards' Power Corn Shellers Of all Sixes and Capacity.

'hey are built of Iron, very simple in Constru-tion, and never "get out of order." Nearly 1,000 Machines are in daily use throughout the West, many of which have run five or six year, without a dol-

They shell the Corn perfectly clean from the They do not cut or grind the grain.
They clean the corn in prime condition for mil
r market.
They require less power than any machine of me capacity.
We Warrant every Machine.

Nos. 0.1 and 2 are adapted for LARGE SHIP-PERS, WAREHOUSES, DISTILLERIES, etc. Nos. 3 and 4 are especially adapted for MILLS. The Corn is shoveled directly from the wagon or sheller, and requires no tee ters or extra hands to watch or regulate them. The cobs dust and chaff are blown out at the end, and clean corn de-livered on either side of the machine, as re-quired.

WE REFER TO

Illinois Central Railroad Co., Chicago have SIX n operation:

Michigan Central Railroad Co., Chicago, have
FOUR in operation.

Board of Trade, Chicago, have over 100 in op-Board of Trade, Chicago, have ever 100 in op-ration.
Star and Crescent Mills, Chicago, have TW6 H. Fitch & Son, Columbus, Ohio, have TEN in operation.

wm Moneypeny & Co., Columbus, Ohio, have
TWO in operation.
TWO in operation.
TWO is the properation.
Two is the properation.
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Two is the properation of the properation of the properation.
Two is Elevators, Cleveland, Ohio.
D. & M. R. R. Elevators, Toledo, Ohio.
Hayes & Bros., Distillers, Cincinnati, Ohio.
E. G. Burkam & Sons, Distillers, Cincinnation.

hio. Lawton, Barnett & Co., Piqua, Ohio. Chaffee & Co., Tippecanoe, Ohio. Pittsburg Elevator Co., Pittsburg, Pennsylv. ia. Chas. Glazier & Co,, Merchant Mills, Indiana-

olis. Hoosier State Mills, Indianapolis. Hayes & Bro., Distillers, Lawrenceburg, Indi-Burkam & Co., Distillers, Cambridge, Indiana. E. M. Talbot & Co., Elevator, Peru. Indiana. Shearer & Co., Elevator, Peru, Indiana. Wiltenberger & Co., Elevator, Peru, Indiana. Dick & Buchanan, Elevator, Huntington, In-Johnson & Co., Merchant Mills, Logansport, Indiana. Geo. Cecil & Co., Merchant Mills, Logansport, Wilson & Co., Merchant Mills, Logans ort, in iana. Jas. Spears & Co., Elevator, La'ayette, Indiana. Tinkler Bros., Elevator, Lafayette, Indiana. Thos. Underwood, Elevator, Lafayette, Indiana. McKeen & Paudock, Elevator, Terre Haute, McEwen, Webb & Co., Mills, Franklin, Indiana McEwen, Webb & Co., Mills, Columbus, In-

iana. E. Terrell, Mills, Columbus, Indiana. Pollock & Bro, Mills, Vinceunes, Indiana. Plant & Bro, Mills, St. Louis, Missouri. Stannard & Slayback, Mills, New Orleans Stannard & Slayback, Anna, Coulsiana. Griswold, Coffin & Co., New York, Buend Ayres and South America. And all the prince all Mills, Warehouses and Distilleries of the Company of the Country of the Cou

We are also manufacturing the best SMALL BURR FRED MILLS extant, warranted to grind from 20 to 75 bush Extant, warranted to grind from 20 to 75 bushels of meal or feed per hour, according to size, and with one-half the usual power required. They grind all kinds of grain, coffee, spiecs, drugs, paints, etc.

Iron Feed Mills, Hand and Horsa Power Corn Shellers, Portable and Stationary Engines, Circular Saw Mills, shingle Mills, Wood Working Machinery, Steam Punps and Force Pumps of all sizes Shatting, Puilles, and Elevator Machinery built to order.

RICHARDS IRON WORKS,

19) and ht3 Washington street,
Chicago, Illinois.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore under the firm of Neall & co., is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of W. A. Crykendall. NEALL & CO.

The business will be conducted hereafter in the same place, by L. W. Mix and G. H. Neall, under the firm of Mix & Neall.
Indianapolis, April 15, 1868. apr28 dit* SPECIAL NOTICES.

The "Messenger of Health," Edited at the Pennsylvania Institute of Med icine, contains an article on Dyspepsia, Chilla and Fever, and Kidney Affections, in which the writer positively declares that the whole science those diseases, that is half as efficacions as Misher's Herb Bitters. He speaks from experience. having used them in his practice for the past two years, to the exclusion of all other remedies, and

without a solitary instance of failure. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. DR. S. B. HARTMAN & CO.,

Proprietors, ancaster, Pennsylvania, and Chicago, Illinois SAMARIT AN'S GIFT.

The most certain remedy ever known, "Yes, positive cure" for all diseases arising from youth ful indiscretions. Balsam Copabia and Mercuridiscarded. Only ten pills to be taken to effect cure. They are purely vegetable, having no small our unpleasant taste. Cure in from two to fou days, and recent cases in twenty-four hours. No exposure, no trouble. Price of male packages \$3; female packages \$3. Sent by maif. Samaritan Root and Herb Juices The great blood purifier and remedy for scrofula, ulcers, sores, spots, tetter, scalds, boils, syphilis, and all eraptions of the skin. This is no experiment—it is a well tested remedy in the United States Hospitals, where these diseases assume their worst forms. Mild cases soon yield. Six bottles will cure the worst. Try the Root and Herb Juices, and if it fails to cure any of the above, your money will be refunded by our agents. Price £1 35 per bottle; or six bottles £7. The Mild Tributter of the properties of the state of the sta

STATEMENT. STATEMENT

Of the condition of the WINNESHEIK Fire Insurance Company

On the 1st Day of January, 1868. Cash on hand and in the hands of Cash on hand and in the hands of Agents or other persons.

Real Estate unincumberd
United States Firet twenty Bonds, par value.

Loans on Bond and Mortgage, being first lien on unincumbered Real Estate, worth deuble the amount loaned.

Debts otherwise secured.

2 Debts of Premiums.

All other Securities. 58,023 00 266,5×1 203, 47,751 40 2,702 19 Total Assets.... .\$495,101 513 LIABILITIES. amount due or not due to banks or Losses unadjusted.
Losses in suspense waiting further proof.
All other claims against the Comp'y 6.4:0 00

The Act of Incorporation Previously Filed. Fired.

State of Illinois, Stephenson County, SS.

J. F. Smith, President and William Trembor,
Secretary, of the Winnesheik Insurance Compaany, of Freeport, Illinois, being duly sworn, depose
and say, that the foregoing is a full, true and
correcestatement of the affairs of the said Company; that the said Insurance Company is the
bona flow owner of at least ONE HUNDRED
THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital,
invested in State and United States Stocks and
Bonds, or in Bonds or Mottgages of Real Estate,
unincumbered, and worth double the amount for
which the same is mortgaged; and that they are unincoumbered, and worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged; and that they are the shove described officers of said Insurance Company. J. F. SMITH, President of WM. TREMBOR, Secretary, Sworn to and subscribed, before me, this 3d up of January, 1868. As witness my hand and offi-cial seal. EDWARD P. HOIDES. Clerk of the Circuit Court of Stephenson County,

Indianapolis, January 9, 1888. I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of a worn statement now on file in my office.

JONES & CHILD, State Agents., Office 25 West washington street, opposite Trade Palace.

apr24 diawy. BOOTS AND SHOES. TO SHOE OUSTOMERS.—New Spring Styles of Boots and Shoes at Mayo's Shoe Store, No. 23 East Washington

BOOTS AND SHOES-We are receive

ing, direct from the manufacturers, some splendid styles of Ladies' and Misses' Walking Boots, in Morecce, Kid ar Lasting. The very best in the

market, at the lowest prices.

street. Stop in and see.

SAVE MONEY-In buying your Boo and Shoes at Mayo'r Shoe Store. This establishment has a large stock of DEINTING of all descriptions nearly done at the Sentine Code and bettem prices fold don

LEATHER BELTING. ETC. Amusements. DEATHER BELTING.

THE STREET

MANUFACTURED FROM FISHBACK'S CELEBRATED

OAK . TANNED LEATHER, Engagement Extraordinary

AWARDED THE FIRST PREMIUM

Indiana State Fair, Oct., 1867. Rubber Belting, Hose and Packing, Genuine Cotton filled.

PAGE'S PATENT LACE LEATHER. JOHN FISHBACK.

125 South Meridian Street. nov26 dtf top col4thp INDIANAPOLIS

RAILROADS. QUICK TIME SHORTEST ROUTE EAST.

Columbus & Indianapolis Railway Line. TO NEW YORK, 39 HOURS.

Change of Time. April 26, 1868. Express Mail Express Indianapolis. 800 A.M. 10.10 A.M. 6.35 P.M. Arrive.
Richmond.... 6.20 " 1.55 P.M. 9.28 "

4.00 P. M. ACCOMMODATION for Richmond, onnersyfile, Brookyfile and Cincinnati WITH. SUNDAY NIGHT EXPRESS leaves at 6.35 P. M.

2.00 A. M. DAY EXPRESS, connects at Columbus with Fast Express Trains, via Fittsburg, Bellaire and Cleveland.
One of the famous SILVER PALACE CARS is
attached to this train at Columbus going through
to PHILAD DELPHIA and NEW YORK WITHOUT CHANGE.
6.35 P. M. EASTERN NIGHT EXPRESS
leaves daily, Sundays included. NEW STATE
RIOOM SILKEING. A BROOM SILKEING TO SERVER STATE
RIOOM SILKEING. G-35 F. M. EASTEEN NIGHT EAFABOO leaves daily, Sundays included. NEW STATE BOOM SLEEPING CARS attached to this train run through to DENNISON, 28 miles, WITH-OUT CHANGE; arriving at Pittsburg, Harris-burg, Baltimore, Washington (City, Philadelphia, New York, and other Eastern Cities, FIVE HOURS IN A DV ANCE. See fall other routes. BOTHE 300 A. M. and 6,35 F. M. Trains make close connection at Piqua, in same Depot, for TOLEDO, DETEOIT, and all points in CAN-ADA.

ADA.

The 300 a. M and 1010 a. M. Trains connect at Cambridge for Connersville and Cincinnati; at Richmond for Dayton, Zenia and Cincinnati; at at Urbana for Sandusty, all points on atlantic and Great Western Railway, and the Oil Regions of Pennsylvania.

Through Tickuts good via Piqua or Dayton. Ask for tickets via COLUMBUS, which are for sale to all the above points at the Union Depot in Indianapolis, and all ticket offices in the West. F. CHANDLER, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
mr5 dSm&sun

THREE Through Express Trains

GREAT BEE LINE ROUTE. NEW SCHEDULE-MARCH 15, 1868.

EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS of the BELLEFONTAINE RAILWAY leave IN-DIANAFOLIS and arrive at points named be-low, as follows: PRICES of Goods in our line. Indianapolis. 2:50 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 9:00 p.m. Union 6.35 a.m. 1.35 p.m.
Dayton 8.50 a.m. 1.35 p.m.
Bellefont'ne. 8.45 a.m. 3.52 p.m.
Bellefont'ne. 8.45 a.m. 8.352 p.m.
Bellefont'ne. 8.45 a.m. 8.52 p.m.
Marion ... 10.25 a.m. 6.15 p.m.
Crestline. 11.20 a.m. 6.15 p.m.
Cleveland 8.40 p.m. 9.55 p.m.
Cleveland 8.40 p.m. 9.55 p.m.
Cleveland 8.30 p.m. 10.50 p.m.
Alliance 3.30 p.m. 10.50 p.m.
Alliance 3.30 p.m. 10.10 a.m.
Detroit 6.15 p.m. 10.16 a.m.
Detroit 6.15 p.m. 3.35 a.m.
Pittsburg 6.45 p.m. 3.35 a.m.
Pittsburg 6.45 p.m. 3.35 a.m.
Pittsburg 6.45 p.m. 10.10 a.m.
Harrisburg 5.10 a.m. 1.30 p.m.
Harrisburg 8.25 a.m. 6.10 p.m.
Harrisburg 8.25 a.m. 6.10 p.m.
Philadelphia. 9.25 a.m. 6.10 p.m.
Philadelphia. 9.25 a.m. 6.20 p.m.
New York 1.130 a.m. 13.00 p.m.
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Accommod SUNDAY NIGHT EXPRESS leaves nion Depot, Indianapolis, at 900 P. M.

SLEEPING CARS attached to the 9:00 M. train run to CRESTLINE for Breakfast at 50 A. M. SLEEPING CARS attached to the 9:00 p. M. train run to CRESTLINE for Breakfast at 5:50 A. M.

The 10:00 A. M. train of this route from INDIANAPOLIS lands its passengers in Pittsburg, Buffalo, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washinston City, Albany, Boston, Philadelphia and NEW YORK more than 10 p. 28 EVEN HOURS IN ADVANCE of the Columbus route.

THE SATURDAY MORNING TEAIN of this line, leaving INDIANAPOLIS at 10:00 A. M., reaches the above named and other Eastern cities on MONDAY morning 10 ONE DAY IN ADVANCE of the Columbus Route.

The DIRECT CONNECTIONS via Union for Dayton, via sidney for Teledo and Detroit, and via Bellefontaine for Sandusky.

The 2:50 A. B. and 10:50 A. M. trains run dailv. except Sundays, with close through connections at Marion and Crestline,

The 9:50 P. M. train runs daily, except Saturdays, with direct connections at Crestline for all points East. PERFECT FIT and PERFECT SHAPE, at such a low price that every one can buy it. Remember, the prices are now VERY LOW. POSSIBLE at 30 West Washington Street,

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The instite is thoroughly finished, the walls and ceilings being finely painted throughout, and inside blinds to the windows.

It will be a good involtment to capitalists, and parties wishing to go into the hotel business it will be a good involtment to engage in it. As times are hard and money scarce, the owner has no extravagent ideas as to price—and the terms will be made easy. Title perfect and terms made known on the day of sale. Sale to take place on

Public attention is invited, as a bargain may proble attention is invited, as a bargain may be expected.

For further particulars and a view of the premises, call on B. M. SPICER & CO.

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Monday, May 4, JOHN OWENS. MORRISON'S OPERA HALL.

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GRAND, VOCAL,

INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT OF THE MENNERCHOR

PROFESSOR H. WEGMANN. LEADER. Prof. Carl Bergetein; Prof T. N.

Caulfield, Pianist, and Prof. Voght's Full Orchestra. Admission 50 cents. Reserved Seats at Ber am Bros. & Co.'s, without extra charge.

Doors open at seven; performance to be thu at eight o'clock. apr23 d4t MISS OLIVE LOGAN

AUTHORESS AND ACTRESS

Will appear at

Morrison's Opera Hall,

Tickets, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, 75 cents. Benham's Music Store. arp37 d3t

Thursday Night, April 30.



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es' Hosiery we are paying particula 8:50 a.m. attention this season, and our old customers will find he favorite makes on our shelves. We have BARGAINS in WHITE COTTON HOSE, for spring wear, at 15, 20 and 25 cents, and an excellent quality in best Goods, both brown and white, which we want all to look at for 50 cents.

> In MEN'S HOSIERY, see our patent sock without seams, at 25 cents. We expect a run on it. Also, REAL BRITISH HALF HOSE, at We have also renewed our line of CORSETS. and will take pleasure in showing an elegant imported Corsets, which will be found

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